THE MORNING STAR

Gives the Largest Quantity

And Variety of Reading Matter,

Of Any Daily Newspaper

n North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30					

Port Almanac—September 27.

Sun Rises	5.51 A M
Sun Sets	5.50 P M
Day's Length	11 h 59 m
High Water at Southport	3.06 A M
High Water at Wilmington	4.58 A M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE.
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N C., Sept. 27.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 74°; 8 p. m., 77°; maximum, 84°; minimum, 69°; mean 76°.

Rainfall for the day .0; rainfall for the month up to date, 4.46.

OUTLINES.

Washington news—Movements of U. S. war ships; New Jersey gets the monitor Ajax; Treasury statement of receipts and expenditures. —— Chicago grain and provision market. —— Record of base ball games played yesterday. —— Cotton spots and futures market. —— New enterprises projected in the South during the past week. —— New Jersey Democratic Convention endorse the administration and Cleveland's financial policy; Alexander T. McGill nominated for Governor on the first ballot. —— To free Cuba men enlisted in Brooklyn, N. Y., to aid the insurgents. —— Dr. T. A. Hall committed suicide in Prince George, Va., yesterday by cutting his throat with a razor. —— F. A. Llewellyn yesterday committed suicide by shooting himself in the temple with a 44 calibre revolver, at Galveston, Texas. —— The drought has injured cotton in North Carolina 33 per cent. —— The Irish Convention in session at Chicago adopt a policy of physical force; New York city to be the seat of operations of the new movements. —— Representatives of Southern railroads met in New York yesterday to discuss freight and passenger schedules. —— Witnesses for the defence in the Durrant trial examined. —— N. Y. markets: Money on call was at 1½@2 per cent.; last loan at 1½, and closing offered at 1½ per cent. cotton quiet—middling gulf 9c; middling 8¾c; Southern flour quiet and firm—common to fair extra $2.00@2.70; good to choice $2.80@3.10; wheat—dull but steady; No. 2 red in store and at elevator 65¾c; afloat 66c; corn—quiet and steady; No. 2 at elevator 38c; afloat 39c; spirits turpentine quiet and firm at 28½@28¾c; rosin quiet and steady—strained common to good $1 45@1 50.

The Morgan-Belmont Syndicate is said to have cleared about $3,500,000 on its bond transaction.

Another line of steamers is to be put on between Newport News, Norfolk, and Hamburg, by the United States Shipping Company.

Mr. Corbett says he wants to retire from the ring, in which commendable desire he will have all the assistance that Mr. Fitzsimmons can give him.

The Prohibitionists of West Chester, Pa., must be hard run for candidates, when they nominated the other day for county surveyor a man who died last February.

It is said that Senator Call, of Florida, has a resolution in soak, to be offered when Congress meets, for the recognition of the independence of Cuba. We vote aye.

Texas has fifteen counties without a postoffice. They are chiefly inhabited we supppose by the festive cowboy and the long-horned steer, neither of which have much use for a postoffice.

We will catch up with the lost arts after awhile. Following the announcement of the discovery of the lost art of tempering and welding copper comes the announcement of the discovery of the art of making Damascus steel.

At a recent examination of public school teachers in Florida out of 315 persons examined only 39 per cent. passed and only eleven received first grade certificates. Perhaps they are too exacting down there and want college professors for field-hand wages.

The last place the sea serpent was seen disporting was off the New Jersey shore. He was the regulation length, about a hundred feet, and was heading southward on a schedule of about 40 miles an hour. The conditions are favorable for seeing sea serpents off the Jersey shore. The apple jack crop is getting ripe up there.

THE MORNING STAR

VOL. LVII.—NO. 5. WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1895. WHOLE NO. 8,864

The Augusta, Ga., *Chronicle* quotes a thrifty farmer of that section as saying that with the improved price for cotton this year he will just get even on two year's work, but if it wasn't for corn, truck, eggs., etc., he would be out of pocket anyway. Corn, truck, eggs, etc., are good things to have to back up the cotton crop. Variety on the farm also helps to break the monotony.

It is believed that Florida will soon get away with Cuba as the grower of cigar tobacco. The injury to the orange trees by the freeze of last Winter caused the Florida growers to turn their attention to tobacco growing, while the war in Cuba has compelled the tobacco growers there to cease growing it for the present, which, of course, helps Florida.

Patterson, N. J., has an 8-year-old kleptomaniac, whose weakness does not manifest itself for spoons, etc., but for horses, which he proceeds to appropriate at every opportunity. His parents have done their best to break the habit, but a horse draws him like a magnet and then he and the horse go off together if there is no one around.

A New York professor of physical culture tells a *Sun* reporter that an excellent and never failing cure for nervous headache is to walk backward. He doesn't undertake to account for it, but says he has never met with a person who has tried it than didn't acknowledge its efficacy.

A dog in Cincinnati which had saved the lives of several children, at various times, was recently run over and killed. The children showed their respect for his memory by burying him in a nice oak coffin, about 500 of them attending the "funeral."

Judge Speer said in his Atlanta address that since 1891, the importation of meats into Central Georgia had decreased 85 per cent., which speaks well for the sense of the Central Georgia farmer.

The alcohol industry must be a profitable one in Roumania, when one of the leading manufacturers can afford to pay a tax amounting to $550,000.

The exploration of some caves in Turkestan by Russians has led to the discovery of a big underground city built thousands of years ago.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

MERCER & EVANS—Shoes.
OPERA HOUSE—The Span of Life.
C. E. GORDON—When autumn comes.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— Local forecast for to-day: Fair; light variable winds.

— There was only a foot and a half water in the river at Fayetteville Wednesday at 8 a. m.

— The steamer *Frank Sessoms*, from Fayetteville, due here Wednesday evening, did not arrive until last night.

— An excursion from Bennettsville over the C. F. & Y. V. Railroad is expected here to-morrow at 12.30 o'clock.

— The steamer *Commodore*, alleged Cuban filibuster, is still in port in charge of U. S. deputy marshals. A representative of the owners of the vessel is in the city.

— The young foot ballists met last night at the W. L. I. armory, and after holding a business meeting had a few hours practice with the ball, which was very satisfactory to all concerned.

— Rev. Dr. J. C. Kilgo, President of Trinity College, Durham, N. C., is expected to preach next Sunday, 29th inst., at Fifth Street Methodist Church in the morning and at Grace Church at night.

— There are just as many people looking for houses to rent this year as ever. If you have a vacant house to rent advertise it in the STAR'S Business Locals. Only one cent a word. But no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents.

Death of Mr. Louis H. Myers.

Mr. Louis Henry Myers, one of Wilmington's most promising young men, died last night shortly before 12 o'clock at his home in this city.

The deceased was the senior member of the firm of Myers & Lewis, dealers in stationery and office supplies. He was 20 years of age, and the fifth son of Mrs. Lossie DeR. Myers, of Wilmington.

The funeral will take place from St. James' Church to-morrow morning at 8 o'clock.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our "Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cents.

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers, who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

Buy No Others.

All persons are hereby cautioned against buying copies of the STAR offered for sale on the streets unless, in every case, the words "For Transient Sale" are stamped on the margin of the paper. Should any newsboy or carrier offer for sale a copy of the STAR not so stamped he should be promptly reported at this office.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Capt. W. E. Kyle, of Fayetteville, was a visitor in the city last night.

— Mr. Adam Empie left last night for Chapel Hill, where he will attend school.

Messrs. J. A. Duncan and O. M. Hysler, of Kinston, were visitors in the city yesterday.

— Miss Lucy Taylor, of Catherine Lake, was in the city yesterday visiting friends.

— Mr. M. McKinnon, a prominent citizen of Maxton, is in the city on a business visit.

— Mr. W. W. McDairmid, of the Lumberton *Robesonian*, was a visitor in the city yesterday.

— Mr. J. E. Deal, of Harrrison's Creek, Pender county, was a visitor at the STAR office yesterday.

— Mr. E. A. Hawes, of Atkinson, and W. W. Larkins, of Long Creek, were in the city yesterday.

— Mr. Jno. O. Cobb, who has been working for the *Palladium* for the past few weeks, left yesterday for Newbern.

— Mr. Geo. T. Grotgen, of the Anheuser Busch Brewing Company, who has been on the sick list, was out again yesterday.

— Several of Wilmington's popular drummers took in Southport yesterday on business. They were too busy to eat dinner.

—Miss Jennie Wilkinson, of Washington, D. C., who has been on a visit to the family of Mrs. J. A. Springer, has returned home.

— Mr. J. W. Ward, of Robeson county, who resides at Echo, was at the STAR office yesterday. He will remain in the city several days.

— Mr. S. Ed. Gerken, of Jacksonville, Fla., who has been visiting friends at Southport, is in town. He will return home to-morrow.

— Dr. W. C. Galloway, who has been on a business visit to Clinton and Kenansville, returned to the city yesterday and reports crops in a flourishing condition.

— Misses Kate and Lillie Drew, of Southport, who are visiting relatives at Fayetteville, are expected here to-morrow morning, to visit friends before returning home.

— Messrs. C. W. Lyon, C. C. Lyon, Bladen county; R. O. Grant, Wrightsville; J. H. Lewis, Charlotte; E. M. Koonce, Jacksonville; J. S. Hartsell, Goldsboro; C. L. Stevens, Southport, were among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

BICYCLE PARADE.

Over Seventy-Five Wheelmen Have Sent in Their Names For the Occasion.

The scheme proposed in Sunday's STAR relative to a large bicycle parade has taken among the riders of the "byke" here, and a programme is being arranged for the occasion. The names of over seventy-five wheelmen were sent to the STAR office yesterday and they are all enthusiastic over the proposed parade. Among the names sent in were those of several ladies who are interested and they promise a large delegation of their sex.

It has been proposed by a member of the Second Regiment Band that members of that organization and also of the Hanover Band, who own wheels, lead the procession as a band. The wheels will be arranged so as to allow the use of one hand for the instrument.

A committee who have charge of issuing a programme, report progress, and state that the parade will be the grandest ever witnessed by Wilmingtonians.

A visitor here who recently witnessed a bicycle parade at Jacksonville, Fla. states that it was one of the grandest sights witnessed in that city. The residents were out en masse to witness it. Over 800 wheels were in line, among whom were many lady riders. The wheels were very prettily decorated, and Japanese lanterns were in profusion.

Let Wilmington have the parade by all means.

The Weather—It Will be Cooler To Morrow Night.

The maximum temperature yesterday at the Wilmington Weather Bureau station was 84 degrees; but no doubt many will say that this does not fairly indicate the torrid heat under which humanity was sweltering the greater part of the day. Happily there is indication of a change in the weather.

The Bureau report from Washington last night said:

"The barometer has fallen on the Atlantic coast. It has risen rapidly in the central valleys and at Rocky Mountain stations, and is highest over Nebraska. It is warmer in New England and cooler throughout the central valleys and lake regions. Showers have prevailed in New England and thence southwestward to the Ohio Valley, Arkansas and Northern Texas.

"The weather is fair to-night from Lake Erie westward to the Rocky Mountains. The weather will clear on the Atlantic coast north of Virginia, with cooler northwesterly winds.

"For North Carolina, fair Friday, but local rains Friday night or Saturday; winds shifting to northerly; cooler Friday night."

NEW YORK TRUCK MARKET.

Full and Reliable Reports of Markets For Southern Fruits and Vegetables.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Sept. 26.—Peaches continued to show irregularity in quantity and values, with choice stock in fair demand. Sweet potatoes closed weaker with liberal offerings and a slow sale. Peaches, carrier, $1.00@1.75; do crate, 75c@$1.50; do basket, 50c@$1.12. Potatoes, sweet, $1.25@1.50.

SUPERIOR COURT.

The Dispatch Libel Case Continued to Monday of Next Week—Other Cases Tried.

The Superior Court yesterday disposed of the following:

Lem Allen, larceny. Verdict not guilty.

Richard Davis, larceny. Guilty. Sentenced to twelve months in the penitentiary.

Henry Powell, alias Henry Charleston, larceny. Guilty. Sentenced to twelve months in the penitentiary.

Sandy McKay, assault and battery with a deadly weapon. Guilty. Two years in the penitentiary.

Ella Martin, larceny. Nol pros.

Mary Smith, slander. Continued till January term.

Frank Jones, larceny. Nol pros.

J. W. Meacham and R. K. Bryan, Jr., libel. Motion by defendants to continue cause to the Criminal Court. Motion overruled. Case set for trial Monday morning next at 9 o'clock. Counsel for State, Solicitor M. C. Richardson, M. Bellamy & Son, Sol C. Weill, Herbert McClammy, D. L. Russell. For defendant Meacham, A. J. Marshall. For defendant Bryan, Thos. W. Strange, A. M. Waddell, D. B. Cutlar, C. P. Lockey.

Bully John, larceny. Guilty. Twelve months in penitentiary.

Andrew Lavender and Lee Hudson, larceny. Not guilty.

Lizzie Rich, larceny. Died since being committed.

Robert Guthrie, false pretence. Twelve months in penitentiary.

Robert Guthrie, larceny. Defendant submitted. Judgment suspended.

Amanda Johnson, assault with a deadly weapon. Submitted. Judgment suspended.

Amanda Johnson, perjury. Submitted. Judgment suspended.

Emily Hutchins, appeal from Justice Fowler's Court. Appeal dismissed.

Lizzie Hill, larceny. Guilty, with recommendation to mercy.

Willie Wilkins, Wm. Lane, Zephaniah Sampson, larceny. On trial.

Court took a recess at 6 p. m. until 9.30 a. m. this morning.

The Span of Life at the Opera House Next Monday Evening.

One of the most attractive plays ever presented, is "The Span of Life." This great melodrama comes with all the prestige of success. In New York, Boston, Philadelphia and Washington, "The Span of Life" has been played to enormous business. The mechanical effects are something marvelous and have the stamp of originality. Nothing like the "human bridge" was ever attempted before and it is not to be wondered at that the play created such a sensation. It was originally produced in London, England, a little over a year ago and is running successfully there yet. Coming as it will to this city from a fifteen weeks' run in New York, where it closed a short time ago, the play will be given in all its glory. The original American cast will be seen here, as well as the original scenery and mechanical effects.

The sale of reserved seats will commence to-morrow morning at Yates' book store.

Two Houses Burned.

Fire broke out about 5 o'clock yesterday morning in a two-story frame house on Green street, between McRae and Anderson streets, owned and occupied by Nancy M. Toomer, colored. The flames spread to a one-story frame house adjoining, owned and occupied by Henry Toomer, colored. Both buildings were insured; Nancy Toomer's home for $725, and Henry Toomer's for $225, in Mr. J. H. Boatwright's insurance agency.

A second alarm, sent in at 8 o'clock, came from the same place, the smouldering flames having broken out afresh.

It is thought that the fire was of an incendiary origin.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—94 bales cotton, 6 casks spirits turpentine, 55 bbls rosin, 15 bbls crude turpentine.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—1,345 bales cotton, 29 casks spirits turpentine, 135 bbls rosin, 28 bbls tar, 6 bbls crude turpentine.

Carolina Central R. R.—189 bales cotton, 39 casks spirits turpentine, 276 bbls rosin.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—274 bales cotton, 36 casks spirits turpentine.

Steamer Daggett—100 bbls tar.

Total receipts—Cotton, 1,850 bales; spirits turpentine, 100 casks; rosin, 466 bbls; tar, 128 bbls; crude turpentine, 21 bbls.

Cotton Notes.

Receipts here yesterday 1,850 bales; same day last year, 1,649.

Spot cotton advanced ½c here. Middling is quoted at 8½c. Market firm.

Net receipts at the ports 28,786 bales, against 23,065 same day last year.

Futures in New York closed steady; sales 434,300 bales; October opened at 8.34, and closed at 8.53; November 8.44, and closed at 8.59; December 8.49, and closed at 8.67; January 8.58, and closed at 8.74; February, 8.64, and closed at 8.80.

Light showers are reported from the Charleston and Galveston districts of the cotton belt, and heavy rains in Southern Texas.

Encyclopedia Britannica.

The STAR Britannica Department is still filling orders for the Encyclopædia Britannica. This is the latest and best edition of this great work. Issued in 25 volumes, bound in cloth or sheep. For full particulars read announcement on third page, or inquire at the STAR office.

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

BAD FOR DEMOCRATS

IS THE PREVAILING ESTIMATE OF THE SILVER CONVENTION.

Populists Hilarious—Republicans Rejoicing—Spier Whitaker's Rules—Butler's Candidates For Governor—Preparations For the State Fair—Illicit Distilleries Captured.

[*Correspondence of the Star.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., Sept. 26.

A big fizzle is the prevailing estimate of the Silver Convention. The scenes of yesterday are a thing of the past, all the delegates having left the city. Chambers Smith, Judge MacRae, and the other Democrats who took part, are not having much to say. All the Populists are carried away, almost hilarious, to say the least.

The general opinion is that it was a bad day for the Democrats who took part. A gentleman tells me that only seventeen Democrats sat in the hall as participants. Gov. Carr could only stand the proceedings about fifteen minutes. It was said that he stated that he came as a spectator. Chambers Smith left the hall before the proceedings were over. What his reasons for leaving were is not exactly known. The Republicans are rejoicing over the result. They say that fusion was only made stronger, and that Marion Butler evidenced a disposition to put the Democats in a hole all the while. He came here with his sails set. Every move had been mapped out before the Convention met.

The duty of adjourning the Convention when trouble seemed imminent was given to Harry Skinner and how well he did it is best known in the report of the proceedings.

Spier Whitaker had several roles to play and he enacted them with the skill of an artist. Spier has stated time and again during the past few weeks, that he never voted any other than a Democratic ticket. He seemed to boast of the fact. Yesterday's proceedings seem to put him in the Populist ranks, if he has not been there for some time. It is said that Judge Whitaker threw out all his sails yesterday for Butler's candidate as Governor. He is a very ambitious man. He and Butler work well in harness.

A noticeable fact was the absence of Logue's fifty negroes. Not as much as one "nigger" appeared in the great body, which is now a matter of history.

Boss Beckwith says he is well pleased.

Mr. Cooke's action is applauded by a number of Democrats.

The opinion is that Butler outgeneraled Smith and the Democrats. He came here "loaded," while the Democrats trusted to his "fairness" with child-like faith, so to speak.

Dr. D. E. Everitt is spoken of strongly as a successor to Alderman Ivery, who resigned.

There is a scarcity of eggs and chickens in the market here. Few farmers are bringing produce to the city. The crops are scorching almost. Rain is badly needed.

A request from Atlanta has been received here by the police authorities for a detail force during the Exposition. The request will hardly be granted.

Mr. Robert C. Strong, a prominent young attorney of this city and son of ex-Judge Strong, was married yesterday to Miss Horner, of Oxford.

Secretary Nichols is having an addition of thirty stalls made at the Fair grounds for the accommodation of cattle. Such an exhibit as will be here will be the largest ever gotten together in the State. A lot of Canadians will be here. The Fair is less than a month distant. Many preparations are going on at the grounds.

Mr. Smith, of Stanly, and others have been here during the week giving testimony before the grand jury in regard to the fraudulent enrollment of the assignment act. Presentments were returned at the last term of Court against Satterfield and Brown, the clerks. It is likely that the matter will take more definite shape during the week. Something of interest to the public will no doubt turn up.

Governor Carr has made a requisition on the Governor of Virginia for Thomas Gilmore, who is wanted in Elizabeth City on the charge of false pretence. He is under arrest in Norfolk.

Two small stills of about forty gallons capacity each, have been seized near Franklinton. Another still was seized at Myatt's Mills, this county.

Maj. Winder returned from Chase City this morning.

A CARD.

Editor Star:—The Good Book commands us to give honor to whom honor is due. I beg sir this space in your good paper to fulfill that command of our Saviour. For several months past my family (seven in number) have been sorely afflicted—several times all of us having been confined to the bed at the same time. On last Saturday one of our members—my eldest boy, David J., in his 20th year—was taken from our humble circle by the ruthless hand of death. My youngest son Robert, 18 years old, now lies confined to bed at the very point of death, and while I write his end is momentarily expected. I am a very poor man, and in consequence of wounds received on the battlefield I am disabled and unfit to engage in manual labor. After thus stating my conditions, I wish to add that through all the dark hours we are called to pass that merciful eye of Him that is never shut upon the trials and miseries of helpless humanity has faithfully kept its vigils over our humble home. Friends have not been few—warm-hearted, generous friends, whose memory will ever be sacred in our hearts. Among those whom I take this occasion now to offer some tribute of thanks I would especially mention our most esteemed citizen, Col. E. D. Hall. Through all our afflictions that good man has been our constant friend and help. Daily he has visited our home, assisted in relieving our necessities, and with his big heart offered words of cheer and consolation. May God bless him and continue his days of feeble life to help and comfort the poor and afflicted. What he has done for us has been done without reward, and hence I feel it my duty and pleasure to make this acknowledgment.

WM. W. RIVENBACK,
Ninth and Dawson Streets.

Border Exposition of the Carolinas.

The premium list of the sixth annual fair of the Border Exposition of the Carolinas has been issued. The fair will be held at Maxton, N. C., October 30, 31, and November 1, 1895. The managers will endeavor to make it surpass anything of the kind ever held in that section of the country.

Housekeepers who want servants are in the habit of supplying their needs from the STAR'S want column. Are you looking for a situation? The STAR'S want column will bring you the best results. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

[Charleston News and Courier.

A LOSS TO THE CITY.

The Untimely Death of Dr. William P. O'Neill.

Heavy is the load of grief which has descended on Charleston's heart during the past three days. Yesterday she was again called to mourn the loss of a young and loyal son, one who did jostly, loved mercy and walked humbly with his God; one whose heart was pure and whose hands were clean. Such was Dr. W. P. O'Neill, who died yesterday.

Dr. O'Neill was born in Charleston 15th December, 1854, and was consequently in his 41st year. He was prepared for college at the Charleston High School, and entered St. John's College, Fordham, N. Y., where he received a thorough classical education. After this he entered the South Carolina Medical College and took his degree. He then took a post-graduate course at the Medical College of Pennsylvania, at Philadelphia, and spent a year visiting hospitals of that city. Having prepared himself thoroughly in medicine he entered the Philadelphia Dental College and graduated in 1876. Since that date he has practiced his profession in this city. Dr. O'Neill was prominently identified with the Washington Light Infantry and several other organizations. He married Miss Lottie Daniel, of Wilmington, N. C., who, with five children, survives to mourn him.

For Dr. O'Neill death had no terrors. Surrounded by all who were nearest and dearest to him, firm in the faith of Jesus Christ and fortified by the Sacraments of the Holy Mother Church, he breathed his last honored and beloved.

The funeral services will be held at the Pro Cathedral this afternoon.

THE VAQUEROS OF MEXICO.

The wonderful "Wild West" exhibition, which is announced to appear here, will present very many features of remarkable interest and furnish a most valuable object lesson in history, reproducing with marvelous fidelity to truth the actual experiences of pioneer days in the far West. In connection with the "Wild West" itself there will be a remarkable Congress of the Rough Riders of the World, including Cossacks from the Russian steppes, Bedouin Arabs from the Arabian desert, Gauchos from South America and Cowboys from the Western plains. Of all these the Vaqueros from Mexico are the gaudiest among the rough riders; but they are not to be underestimated on that account, for they rank well up with the Cowboys and lariat-throwers and horsemen. Indeed, they do things with the lariat, fancy manœuvers, showing their control of it, which none others in the outfit attempt. Their saddles may be viewed as the extreme opposite of the Indian's, which is practically nothing. The Mexican saddle has not so large a pummel, or cantle, as that of the Cowboy, but has a big, heavy frame, and is made a conspicuous thing by its gaudy decoration. Very often it is of fancily embossed leather, sewed with silver thread and adorned with heavy plates of silver, and the Vaquero tries to dress up to his saddle, wearing surprising quantities of silver buttons and silver, or even gold embroidery on his jacket and hat. His bridle, too, is loaded with silver ornamentation. Big as it is made to look, the Mexican saddle is not really so large or so heavy as that which ample experience has caused the Cowboy to settle upon as the perfect type, one very high both front and rear, with a tall, strong pummel, upon which he may take a half-hitch with his lariat when roping a steer, and big enough to let him free his legs easily when a vicious bronco falls backward upon him, a by no means rare occurrence. The frame of the Cowboy's saddle is broad and high-arched, keeping the rider's weight off the animal's spine and enabling ventilation. The equipment of the other rough riders is peculiar and interesting in many other directions.

Another variety of skillful horsemen which participate in the manœuvers of the "Wild West" entertainment includes the soldier-horsemen of five great nations, ponderous German Cuirassiers, dashing French Cavalrymen, handsome Royal Irish Lancers of England and Uncle Sam's own Cavalry boys. These of themselves would furnish an entertainment well worth the price of admission charged to the "Wild West" Show.

APPOINTMENTS.

Wilmington District, W. S. Bone, P. E.

Scott's Hill circuit, Union, Sept 28th and 28th.
Wilmington, Grace church, Oct 6th and 7th.
Wilmington, Market Street church, night, Oct 6th.
Wilmington, Fifth Street church, Oct 13th and 14th.
Onslow mission, Verona, Oct 17th.
Onslow circuit, Queen's Creek, Oct 19th and 20th.
Elizabeth circuit, Elizabethtown, Oct 26th and 27th.
Columbus circuit, Cerro Gordo, Nov 2.
Whiteville and Fair Bluff, Fair Bluff, Nov 2d and 3d.
Kenansville circuit, Charity, Nov 9th and 10th.
Magnolia circuit, Providence, Nov 10th and 11th.
Canon Creek circuit, Shiloh, Nov 16th and 17th.
Waccamaw circuit, Old Dock, Nov 19th.
Brunswick circuit, Macedonia, Nov 23rd and 24th.
Southport Station, night, Nov 24th.
Clinton circuit, Clinton, Nov 30th and Dec 1st.
Bladen circuit, Windsor, Dec 7th and 8th.
Wilmington, Bladen Street, night, Dec 8th.

DIED.

MYERS—In this city at 11.50 p. m., September 26th, 1895, LOUIS HENRY, age 20 years, fifth son of the late Capt. Chas. D. and Lassie DeRossett Myers.

Funeral services from St. James' Church Saturday morning at 10 o'clock.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Mullets, Mullets.

JUST IN LARGE CONSIGNMENT NEW catch Mullets. Also Flours, Sugar, Coffee, Rice, Baking Powders, &c. Specialties—Cheese, Cakes, Crackers, Smoked Herrings, &c. Prices cheerfully given.
B. F. KEITH,
aug 20 tf 130 North Front street.

OPERA HOUSE,

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 30TH.

William Calder's Company

In Sutton Vane's Realistic Drama,

The Span of Life.

Now playing on four Continents.

See the Bridge of Human Bodies. The Light House Scene. The greatest novelty of the age. Strong cast, new mechanism and new effects. sep 27 3t

GREAT

INDUCEMENTS

—FOR—

SUITS MADE TO ORDER

We Will Deduct $5.00

From our regular price and 5 per cent. extra

For Spot Cash

DURING THE

Month of September.

We do this to keep our hands busy. We give you the best goods, the best trimmings, the best workmanship.

JUST RECEIVED

THE NEWEST AND LATEST STYLES OF

Foreign and Domestic Goods.

Call and see us, we will astonish you as to our styles and prices.

IN OUR READY-MADE DEPARTMENT

we have a full line of

Men's, Boys' and Children's Suits,

which we are selling at remarkably LOW PRICES.

A. DAVID & Co.,

Clothing Outfitters.

sep 15 tf

WHEN AUTUMN COMES

NEW STYLES

Come with it, and every man in town with any Idea of Dress comes to us for styles as a matter of course.

The best ready-made Suits is only a travesty of correctness. It isn't even a clever masquerade. Banish all Ready-made misfits from your wardrobe, and get something

Stylish and Handsome

produced to order and faultless in fit and correct in every detail of workmanship.

We Fit Our Customers,

That's our rule, and it stands like rock bottom.

The belated Summer Suits has now no place in the wear of the gentleman of style, who if not already provided for the Fall makes no delay.

We are making up Suits to order from $11.25 and up.

Pants made to order for $3.00. And before you condemn our goods come and look and compare them with others.

C. E. GORDON,

Northeast Cor. Front and Market St.

sep 29 tf

Everybody Who Wears

SHOES

WILL DO WELL TO CALL ON

MERCER & EVANS,

at the Old Stand of H. C. Evans, on Princess street, before purchasing elsewhere. We have some EXCELLENT BARGAINS always on hand, which it will pay you to see.

Call early and often on

Mercer & Evans,

aug 18 tf 115 Princess St.

THE MORNING STAR,

THE OLDEST

DAILY NEWSPAPER

IN NORTH CAROLINA.

The Only Six-Dollar Daily of its Class in the State.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FALL

DRESS

GOODS.

We have received two hundred pieces NEW GOODS. They are fresh from the looms and represent the most attractive lines in the market. We are adding new lines every day, determined to give the people of Wilmington the latest novelties produced.

Young Ladies

That are going to school will find the largest line of NEW GOODS in the city on our counters, and they can select their Fall Dresses before their departure.

A Few New Arrivals.

Wool and Mohair Suitings.

This textile is an admixture of Mohair and Wool in solid and mixed colors, 60c per yard.

Wool and Raw Silk,

Figured with Black Arabasques, which tone down the color medleys in the ground work, the latter being a mixture of Silk and Wool, 45c per yard.

Plaid Serges.

We have twenty-five different patterns with combinations of Bluet and Gold, Green and Heliotrope, Reseda and Old Rose, Olive Green and Brown, Gold and Blue, Golden Brown and Blue Black, Sky Blue and Brown, 60 and 75c per yard.

Black and Blue Sponge Serge,

The best material for Skirts, 85c per yard.

Fancy Mohair Suitings

85 cents per yard.

Cravanette

In Black and Blue, 60-inch in width, $1.50 per yard.

Silician Mohairs

Are durable and pretty. They appear in seasonable weights in twills and other neat effects at $1.25 per yard.

Fancy Figured Black Mohairs

At 50 cents per yard.

Plaid Flannel Suitings

For Children's Cloaks 37½c a yard.

Plaids, Silk Finished,

Exclusive patterns, with combinations of Brown and Blue, Black and Red, Green and Yellow, Green and Black, Blue and Black, Magenta and Brown, only $1.00 per yard.

A. D. BROWN,

Successor to BROWN & RODDICK

No. 29 North Front St.

sep 15 tf

1 3-4 lb., 2 lb. and 2 1-4 lb.

Bagging.

New Arrow Ties,

August and September DELIVERY AT LOWEST PRICES

Get our prices before buying.

WORTH & WORTH.

Wholesale Grocers.

july 27 tf

Just to Remind You

That you can't help being

CURED

If you will have your Prescription work done by

JAS. D. NUTT,

sep 15 tf The Druggist.

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 00 per year, $3 00 for six months, $1 for three months, 50 cents for one month, to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 12 cents per week for any period from one week to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, $1 00; two days, $1 75; three days, $2 50; four days, $3 00; five days, $3 50; one week, $4 00; two weeks, $6 50; three weeks, $8 50; one month, $10 00; two months $17 00; three months, $24 00; six months, $40 00; twelve months, $70 00. Ten lines of solid Nonpareil type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1 00 per year, 60 cents for six months, 25 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

An extra charge will be made for double column or triple-column advertisements.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1 00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, SEP. 27, 1895

BLIZZARDS, CYCLONES &C.

Blizzards, cyclones &c., are not new, but they are comparatively new in this country. The early settlers knew nothing of them, and even forty years ago the blizzard and cyclone such as we have now was unknown. Along in the latter end of the fifties a tornado swept over a portion of Iowa, struck the town of Sabula and crossed the river there, and although it wasn't a circumstance to the tornadoes we have now it became the talk of the day and furnished a topic of conversation for weeks. Compared with some of the house-lifters and tree levellers that we read of these days it wouldn't amount to a Spring zephyr.

We know the fact that the climate of our country is steadily changing, becoming more variable, the changes from one extreme to the other more sudden, the Summers warmer and drier, the Winters colder and longer. Within the past week we have had one of these exhibitions of sudden changes where in some of the Western States the mercury dropped from twenty-five to forty degrees within an hour or so, and Summer's intense heat was followed in that interval by wintry blasts and a snow storm.

In the early days the distribution of moisture was such that a sufficient amount of rain could be depended upon, and protracted, withering droughts were seldom if ever experienced. It is not so now, for in some portions of the West when the farmer sows and plants crops, he takes his chances of reaping a harvest, chances which too frequently go against him.

In the early days forest fires were very rare, save when the Indians burned the prairies to make later pasturage for the game that supplied them with meat, and the fire got beyond control and reached the forests. But now forest fires are of annual occurrence.

In the early days the rivers scarcely if ever overflowed sufficiently to do much if any damage, but now this is almost an annual occurrence on nearly all our water courses which are not banked by high lands. On some of our rivers this is of such frequent occurrence that farming on the low lands near by has been to a great extent abandoned, and these were lands that not so very many years ago produced splendid crops.

There are reasons for all this. Some contend that the large amount of iron rails laid on our railroads and the thousands of miles of telegraph, telephone and trolley wires erected have had some influence in intensifying thunder storms and distributing electric currents which are in some way instrumental in precipitating cyclones, while they have decreased earthquakes; but however this may be we can find a cause for these, for the changing climate, warmer Summers and colder Winters, severe droughts and destructive floods in our rivers, in the cutting down of the forests which once served as interceptors of the sun's intense heat, as distributors of moisture and as barriers against the fierce North winds which swoop down suddenly upon us without warning or time to prepare for them.

That is a fortunate section of the country which is hemmed in on the West by the Alleghanies and the Blueridge and warmed to a greater or less extent by the warm air currents from the Gulf Stream, while the tree-covered mountains check and blunt the edge of the keen north winds fore they get through.

This section is fortunate, too, in having had its forests escape the havoc of the axe to which forests in other sections of the country have been subjected and before which they have almost disappeared. Attention to forestry is a comparatively new thing with us, but the wilful and woeful waste of this grand inheritance has aroused the fears of the thoughtful who are raising a warning voice to check the foolish and needless waste, and avert the calamities that are inevitable if the havoc continues.

Other nations, profiting by experience have been building up their forests, something which we are trying to do by the institution of Arbor Days, which are observed in a number of States, and with happy results already in some.

There is not much need of Arbor Days in the South, where we still have an abundance of timber if we but protect it and prevent the gain-pursuing woodman from indiscriminate cutting, and protect it from the fires which prove so destructive at times, both of which can be done, with proper effort.

It may not be that waste and fires could be altogether prevented, but they could be so reduced as to make the damage small compared with what it is now, and now is the time to do this before the havoc has progressed so far that it might seem useless to undertake it. Every young tree saved from the axe and every full grown tree saved from the fire will be money in somebody's pocket later on, and in the meantime they will be rendering valuable service as protectors from heat, cold, droughts, freshets and the sickness and epidemics which sometimes follow sudden changes of temperature and extensive floods, as is frequently the case on the Yellow river—that river of death—in China.

A FAILURE.

From a Democratic free silver standpoint the Convention which met at Raleigh Wednesday was worse than a failure; from a Populist-Republican standpoint it was a signal success, and hence the gentlemen who are getting the most solid satisfaction out of the outcome are the Populist-Republican leaders and associate manipulators of that Convention, who played sly and cunning and completely outgeneralled Mr. Smith and his co-operators.

We don't like the way the thing panned out, but we are neither surprised nor disappointed for we didn't look for anything else.

When the contemplated calling of this Convention was first bruited we pronounced it an unwise movement, that could do no good but much harm. When the call was issued we reiterated this opinion and predicted that the Convention would in all probability by controlled by the Populists. And it was.

When we saw that such wary and adept Republican politicians as Dr. Mott and Logue Harris were taking an active interest in this "non-partisan" Convention, called under Democratic auspices, we smelt a mouse as big as an elephant, and all the opinions expressed by Mr. Smith and the protestations by Dr. Mott, Logue Harris *et al.* of their political color or tint, that they did not intend to work it for politics, didn't change the wind, and the mouse odor was wafted along even stronger than before.

Mr. Butler and his contingent, Dr. Mott and Logue with their contingent, were there, and the Democratic contingent was somewhere else. The few that were there felt lonesome, and after the thing was over felt as sore as if they had been run through a threshing machine. The Democrats who went there intending to participate, but refused to do so when they saw the way the cat was jumping, may not feel sore, but they feel sold all the same.

It is all over now, and as far as the party is concerned, instead of accomplishing any good, we are in a worse position than we were before, for the breach between the Democrats and the Populists who had been Democrats, the winning back of whom was doubtless one of the inspiring motives in the calling of this Convention by the Democrats who figured in it, is wider than ever, while the Populist-Republican fusion is strengthened. Mott and Harris knew what they were doing, and did it cleverly. Butler and his Populist associates knew what they were doing, and did it cleverly. We are sorry we can't say as much for Mr. Smith and his Democratic associates, who, if they wanted any Convention, (for which there was really no need) should have called it as a straightout Democratic Convention, which would have been controlled by Democrats, whose utterances would have gone out as an expression of Democratic sentiment, which the utterances of this "non-partisan" gathering are not. If their foresight had been as good as their hindsight, our opinion is that this is what they should have done if they felt it absolutely incumbent on them to do anything.

MINOR MENTION.

It would perhaps be too much to expect to see a State Democratic Convention assemble in New York without more or less factional hair-pulling, which ordinarily doesn't amount to much, as they generally get together before the day of election, and we suppose they will do that now, although the anti-Tammany contingent left the Convention in a miff because they were not as fully recognized as they claimed they should have been, and went home threatening vengeance in November. The public outside of New York is not so much interested in that as in the platform adopted, as an expression of the Democratic sentiment of the State, especially on the currency question, which is now the prominent issue. In this it voices the sentiment of the so-called "sound money" men, even to the extent of demanding the gradual retiring of the greenbacks, without, however, suggesting anything to replace them when retired. As the pronounced square out against the free and unlimited coinage of silver (by which it meant any more coinage), the presumption is that interest bearing bonds will take the place of the notes retired and that the people are to pay interest on these instead of having the non-interest bearing currency which these notes give them. This may suit a State like New York, which is a great money center, where the business of dealing in money and in bonds is an established industry, but it will not suit the outlying territory. The rest of the platform is of no import to people outside of New York, as it deals in matters which are not likely to become vital issues.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— Old Mother Shipton's prediction that "carriages without horses should go" has been fulfilled. The next in order is Tom Platt's prediction that he will carry New York this Fall. If Mr. Platt will kindly put that in the shape of a bet we will take the large end of it.—*New York Mercury, Dem.*

—— The readiness with which the arable lands in the Argentine Republic are adapted to the purposes of the farmer, either for growing sheep or raising grain, is partially explained by the fact that only 18 per cent. of the total area of the country is covered by forest growths. Like the prairies of the Western States the Argentine plains yield readily to the invasion of the plow.—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

—— The Spaniards are making a great fight in Cuba, in attacking hospitals and shooting down sick, crippled and wounded men and nurses. That may be glorious warfare from a Spanish point of view, but other civilized people will be apt to look upon such fighting as barbarous and infamous. The attack upon the Cuban hospital reported in our dispatches this morning will do far more harm to the Spanish cause than to that of Cuba. —*Savannah News, Dem.*

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Burlington *News*: We are told that Mr. John R. Harder, at Big Falls, has a Holstien cow which gives *ten gallons* of milk per day, requiring to be milked three times per day. This cow is from Pennsylvania, and cost $65 when a small calf.

— Concord *Standard*: A tramp, about 20 years of age, almost shirtless, without a hat and barefooted, struck town this morning, and was begging for something to eat. When asked whither bound, his reply was that he was on his way to Texas to see the Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight.

— Newbern *Journal*: Mr. J. F. Hardison has bored a two-inch well at Hotel Chattawka, which proves to be an overflowing one. The supply of water comes out of a rock at a depth of sixty-five feet, but the water rises above the ground to at least two feet—sufficient pipe has not been put on to see how much higher it might come—and it flows with a good and steady stream. The water is cool and excellent.

—Charlotte *Observer*: Mrs. Hedrick, who for twenty years or more has been running the Piedmont Hotel at Taylorsville, was found dead in bed yesterday morning. She was perfectly well the night before, coming to the station to meet her granddaughter, who was a passenger on Capt. Claud Morrison's train. Capt. Morrison saw Mrs. Hedrick at 8 o'clock, and said she seemed particularly jovial and well. She retired in her usual health.

— Clinton *Democrat*: Mrs. John Powell died at her home near here on Sunday afternoon about 6 o'clock after a lingering illnes, She was aged 73 years, 6 months and 17 days. —— Just before going to press we learn of the death of Mrs. Alvin Royal which occurred on Monday night at her home near here. She died of heart disease and was found dead in bed Tuesday morning. —— Mrs. Eliza Jane Micks, relict of the late Dr. Wm. G. Micks, died at her residence on the corner of Chesnutt and Main streets here at 9 o'clock Saturday night, She was a daughter of the late Col. Thomas K. Morrisey, one of the most prominent citizens of Sampson in his day.

TWINKLINGS.

— A correspondent asks—"What should a bow-legged man do?"

This is a hard question to answer, but when he hasn't got anything else to do he should be whooping for wider styles in trousers.—*Washington Star.*

— Copenheimer—Acht! Mergenthaler, have you herdt der news? Geldheimer haf failed again!

Mergenthaler (impressively) — Vel, idt's der oldt saying, "Nodding succeeds like success."—*Puck.*

— "What's it a sign of," said the slightly superstitious woman, "to have a ringing in your right ear?"

"It's a sign," replied her husband promptly, "that you've been undiplomatic with the telephone girl."—*Exchange.*

— Hazel—I have one of the nicest dentists you ever saw.

Nutte—In what way?

Hazel—Why, he pulled out the wrong tooth the other day and wouldn't charge me a cent for it.—*N. Y. Herald.*

— A Pliagiarist. — Mudge —Another man called me a liar last night.

Yabsley—What did you do?

Mudge—Well, as he was three sizes bigger than I, I asked him why he couldn't say something original.—*Indianapolis Journal.*

The Club Idea.

The club idea has considerably changed since its inception a few years ago. The desperate study effort period has passed. Thus in its day was an era of grappling power, and now the clubs take up broader and more living topics with the confidence born of experience. One club has lately decided that to eschew religion and politics as subjects for discussion is childish, and though no effort will be made to lug these topics in on party or sectarian lines neither will pains be taken to keep them out altogether.—Philadelphia Times.

To Clean Marble Basins.

Marble basins, when stained, may be cleaned with muriatic acid, applied upon a small rag attached to a stick. The acid must not be allowed to drop upon the plumbing or to touch either hands or face. So much precaution is needed in its use that only those stains which defy the application of soapsuds should be treated in this way. Chloride of lime in solution is an invaluable disinfectant and deodorizer, and is cheap enough to be used daily or weekly to flush waste pipes and sink drains.

One Thing Is Certain

There is no better cure in existence for Cramps, Cholera Morbus and all Summer Complaints, than Pain-Killer. Good for all pains, aches and soreness, internal or external. One good trial will convince you that

PAIN-KILLER Kills Pain

You can get it anywhere at 25c a bottle (double the former quantity). See that the bottle bears the name Perry Davis & Son. No other is genuine.

June 8 52t sa fr we

MARIE OF GREECE.

A Pretty and Well to Do Princess Who Also Has Brains.

Princess Marie of Greece narrowly escaped becoming czarina of Russia. She was the choice of the present emperor's mother, who had set her heart on having the pet daughter of her favorite brother as her successor. But there were religious obstacles to the match. Strict rules exist in the Greek church prohibiting marriage between first cousins. Although dispensations are readily granted in such cases by the pope, the Orthodox church is far less amenable to leniency in the matter, and so bigoted a member of the Greek rite as Alexander III could cer-

tainly not be expected to set an example of disobedience to the canon laws by permitting his eldest son to wed his first cousin. Princess Marie is a pretty girl, somewhat full faced. She has inherited the comeliness that distinguished her maternal grandmother, the Grand Duchess Constantine Constantinovitch, nee Princess of Saxe-Altenburg, whose sister, the ex-queen of Hanover, and herself were known in their youth as two of the most beautiful women in Europe.

Princess Marie has inherited her mother's taste for the sea and is passionately fond of yachting, knowing how to handle a boat almost as well as her mother, who enjoys the distinction of being the only petticoat admiral in existence, having been appointed to that dignity in the Russian fleet by the late czar, a recognition of her action in passing the examination for a sailing master's certificate. The princess is a very desirable catch and should experience no difficulty in finding a good husband, for in addition to her good looks and amiable character she will inherit the principal portion of the large fortune which her cautious and exceedingly wide awake father, King George, has been able to amass since he was elected to the throne of Greece by means of thrift and speculation.

The Latest Decorative Fad.

One of the things that the fashionable woman picks up abroad now to hang in her Murray hill drawing room is a set of priest's vestments. These are used for window and door draperies, one hanging as a lambrequin over a wide window, with perhaps the narrow casements in the same room conventionally decorated. These pieces of rich embroidery can be picked up in Spain, France and Italy at very low prices and are regarded by the discriminating collector as a unique and attractive ornament. In using them as lambrequins or doorway drapings breadths of soft silk of a contrasting or harmonizing hue are drawn through the openings made in the robes for head and arms, an arrangement which adds a pleasing grace to the rather stiff lines of the splendid pieces. —New York Times.

Miss Grace Harriman.

Miss Grace Harriman has issued in pamphlet form six lectures upon "Tomato and Fruit Growing For Women," which she gave at the forestry exhibition, Earl's court, in 1893. She is now both a practical fruitgrower and a county council lecturer at Sawley, near Derby, England, and her own experience justifies her desire to see many women following her example. She shows how a woman's small plot of ground can be worked to profit and gives valuable instructions on the details of horticulture. She thinks it is wise not to take more than half an acre in hand at first. Upon this a cottage, tomato house, poultry yard and fruit plantation may be planted.

The Latest Silver Craze.

It has come to pass that a collection of silver all in the shape of spoons is no longer thought as interesting as a collection of silver made up of many quaint and curious things having different shapes and uses or no use at all. The curio silver table of latest fashion has sometimes a silver lamp of exquisite shape, picture frames of silver, bonbon boxes, odd spoons, a piece of embroidery heavy with gold and silver threads, filigree silver from Venice and pretty things made from silver in all parts of the world. Such is a collection that is not easily called together, and its owner values it accordingly.—New York Post.

White Neckwear.

It is a relief to see the white neckwear for women again. Some of it came over from Paris last autumn, but now the shops are full of it. It is not the stiff, starched linen collars and cuffs this time, but one thickness of the finest lawn or muslin, and the collars and points are edged with narrow lace frilled full, making very feminine lingerie. —Newport News.

At the Outset.

"You say her marriage was a failure?"

"Well, I don't know what else to call it. Not half the people who were invited came."—Detroit Tribune.

ATTRACTIVE WOMEN.

SOME OF THE RESULTS OF MENTAL AND PHYSICAL NEGLECT.

A Woman Should Keep Step With Her Husband and Remain Always Able to Lead Her Children—Her Duty to Her Family, Society and Herself.

You won't believe it, I suppose, but I do hate to give up my youth! Of course we say that as long as the heart is young it makes no difference about the face, but you know it does; that when the lines begin to come around your eyes and the wrinkles about your neck; when you have to put on spectacles to read at night and humor your feet—you know that when that time comes they begin to leave you out of things, no matter how young your heart may feel.

Women make a fearful mistake when they let go their hold on the social world and shut themselves up jealously, ofttimes morbidly, at home with their tiresome round of duties and the rearing of their children. There is no grander mission in life than that of mother, but no mother should be a slave. Her duty to the boys and girls who are of her own flesh and blood lies as much outside of the home as in it. If she sits down behind closed doors and feeds the growing minds of her little ones only from what she has stored up, she will find, by and by, that she is a cistern and not a well, and that the day will come when her resources will be exhausted —and what then?

Her children will go out into the world, enter schools and colleges, broaden and widen, while she stands still, and then the day will come when they will say of her that she has outlived her usefulness. Of course, they won't say that if they are children worth having, but if their mother does not keep up with them—yes, even a little ahead, so that they can look up to her —instead of selfishly sacrificing herself to their whims and sinking her individuality in their childish demands, she inculcates in them the spirit of selfishness which will in the end shove her out to make room for those more active and useful. You know you have seen such instances—many of them.

What of the husband of such a wife? Is she doing her duty by him when she makes herself subservient to his children and forgets to keep by his side and apace with him intellectually and socially? A man does not like to say to his wife: "You are fading. You do not dress in as good taste as you once did. You are no longer interested in the same things that I am." Those would be brutal things for a man to say to a woman whom he loved, and yet there are men who must think those thoughts when their wives are careless, slipshod and spiritless—things that were once to their nature as frost at the equator. If a woman won't keep up with her husband, you can't blame him for being ashamed of her.

It stands to reason that the mother, who is fond of pretty clothes, and who brushes and cares painstakingly for the hair her husband thought to beautiful when she was only his sweetheart, who does her work with a view to protecting the taper fingers "he" admired when he was "courting" her, who saves her eyes by letting small dresses and drawers go with fewer frills and tucks, that she may be able to read the last political leader to her husband or look up a point in history for her boy, who believes that the pure soul has got to have a clean body to live in, who goes upon the theory that men do not gather figs off thistles or fine thoughts from a brawler's brain, who comprehends that a lie from her lips produces two on those of her child, who believes implicitly that "whatsoever a man sows that shall he also reap"—I say it stands to reason that such a woman will walk right beside her husband and children wherever they go, and she won't have to plead for recognition either.

The world is always delighted to honor such a woman. She seldom has much faith in "clubs" for either men or women, and she is always too much of a lover of dainty dress to look with approving eyes upon "reform" garments, which, to her artistic eyes, would tend to deform the figure she has been careful to keep supple and youthful in its lines. She may have gray hair and be obliged to wear glasses, but on the cheeks that time has touched so gently there is still a flush of health, and about her smiling mouth care has drawn no lines or ill temper left its indelible tracks. Do you think a woman like that "is left out of things?" No, indeed! She is right in it all and makes more fun than anybody. If she chides you, she does it with a cheery grace that, after all, comforts you, and you know that you may rely upon her advice and counsel, because she is in the world and right up to date on every subject.

At a literary club the other day I heard a mother read an essay on "Fashion: Its Uses and Abuses." She understood her subject and invested it with fresh interest for all. "It is a woman's duty to array herself as becomingly as possible and to study how to make herself more pleasing to the people whom she meets," said this wise woman. "A woman behind the age in anything is a woman who has lost the key to her opportunities, and very soon she will lose the opportunities also."—Washington Star.

A Novel Photograph Frame.

Take a piece of wood or stiff cardboard about 3 inches square and cover it with plush. This is best done by gluing it. Then gild or enamel two clothespins, stand them upright on the board just far enough apart so that a cabinet photograph may rest in the cleft part of each. Fasten the clothespins by tacking them from the under side of the board. Finish with bows of ribbon or narrow ribbon drawn through the lower part of each pin and wound back and forth so as to form a lattice work between them. This should be ornamented with a rosette of loops or a bow made of wider ribbon.

She Designs Jewelry.

An English woman who many years ago studied design at South Kensington, hoping to become a great painter, no doubt, finally became a successful designer of jewelry. Her designs, which she now employs skilled workers in gold to execute for her, are never duplicated except by the consent of the purchaser. Each necklace, or brooch, or bracelet that comes from her establishment is therefore unique as well as artistic to a high degree.

Darn Instead of Patching.

"I despair of ever getting really fast black darning cotton," said one woman, "so I have taken to using cashmere mending wool for all hosiery. It does not make so neat a darn, but it is softer for the feet, and it never loses color." The same authority declares in favor of darning flannels and flannelette garments in preference to patching them.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R R BELLAMY. †

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve your little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other kind.

It May Do as Much for You.

Mr. Fred, Miller, of Irving, Ill., writes that he had a Severe Kidney trouble for many years, with severe pains in his back and also that his bladder was affected. He tried many so-called Kidney cures but without any good result. About a year ago he began use of Electric Bitters and found relief at once. Electric Bitters is especially adapted to cure of all Kidney and Liver troubles and often gives almost instant relief. One trial will prove our statement. Price only 50c. for large bottle. At R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

DUKE CIGARETTES

MADE FROM High Grade Tobacco AND ABSOLUTELY PURE

dec 14 tf fr su we W 2p

The Invention of Glass.

The date of the original invention of glass has not been determined, but it was far back in the ages, for the art was known to the Egyptians 3,500 years ago. Some writers believe that glass was in more general use in the ancient than in comparatively modern times and affirm that among the Egyptians it was used even as material for coffins.

Glass has properties peculiarly its own, one of which is that it is of no greater bulk when hot, or in the melted state, than when cold. It is transparent, but the materials of which it is composed are opaque. It is not malleable, but in ductility it ranks next to gold. Its flexibility when hot is wonderful, and it is so elastic that it can be blown to a gauzelike thinness, so as to easily float upon the air. While it is exceedingly brittle, its elasticity is such that a globe, hermetically sealed, if dropped upon a polished anvil, will recoil two-thirds the distance of its fall and remain entire until the second or third rebound. —Boston Herald.

Vinegar Cider.

The cider used for vinegar comes almost entirely from Michigan, Ohio and New York, enough being secured every fall to last a whole year. The barrels are corded up in endless rows—a whole, great room filled full, with only little alleyways piercing it—and allowed to stand until the cider is quite hard enough to make an old cider drinker dizzy headed. When at last it has sufficiently fermented, it is run over the shavings in the generator and becomes a light brown cider vinegar. It is now run into old whisky barrels and allowed to stand as long as possible. The whisky barrels assist greatly in the ripening process, which so much improves vinegar. Only a few firms in the country have this method of making their product more palatable.—Exchange.

One Work of Fiction That Paid.

"Does Woggles manage to make his works of fiction pay?"

"Well," replied the good natured man, "he makes some of them profitable. He wrote a little article which, to my positive knowledge, brought him in quite a sum of money."

"What was it about?"

"It began, 'Thirty days after date, I promise.'"—Washington Star.

Knights of the Maccabees.

The State Commander writes us from Lincoln, Neb., as follows: "After trying other medicines for what seemed to be a very obstinate cough in our two children we tried Dr. King's New Discovery and at the end of two days the cough entirely left them. We will not be without it hereafter, as our experience proves that it cures where all other remedies fail." Signed F. W. Stevens, State Com. Why not give this great medicine a trial, as it is guaranteed and trial bottles are free at R. R. Bellamy's drug store. Regular size 50c. and $1.

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

RAGGING—			
2-lb jute		@	5½
Standard	7½	@	6¾
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ₩ lb	13½	@	14
Sides ₩ lb	7½	@	7½
Shoulders ₩ lb	6	@	6¾
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ₩ lb	6½	@	6¾
Shoulders ₩ lb	5½	@	6
BARRELS— Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each		@	1 10
New New York, each	1 35	@	1 40
New City, each		@	1 40
BEESWAX ₩ lb	26	@	27
BRICKS—			
Wilmington, ₩ M	6 50	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina, ₩ lb	15		
Northern	22	@	
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks		@	50
Virginia Meal	53	@	53½
COTTON TIES— ₩ bundle		@	85
CANDLES— ₩ lb—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	9	@	10
CHEESE— ₩ lb—			
Northern Factory	10	@	11
Dairy, Cream	11	@	13
State		@	10
COFFEE— ₩ lb—	22	@	28
Laguyra	20	@	23
Rio	15	@	20
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ₩ yard	6	@	6½
Yarns, ₩ bunch	18	@	30
EGGS— ₩ dozen		@	16
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ half-barrel	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ₩ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ₩ half-barrel	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ₩ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ₩ barrel	3 25	@	3 50
Mullets, ₩ half barrel	2 00	@	2 50
N. C. Roe Herring, ₩ keg	3 50	@	3 75
Dry Cod, ₩ lb	5	@	10
" Extra	3 25	@	3 50
FLOUR— ₩ barrel—			
Low grade		@	3 00
Choice	2 75	@	3 00
Straight	3 25	@	3 75
Fine Patent		@	4 25
GLUE— ₩ lb	27½	@	30
GRAIN— ₩ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bags—White		@	58
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White		@	54
Corn, cargo, in bags—White		@	54
Oats, from store		@	37½
Oats, Rust Proof		@	40
Cow Peas	70	@	75
HIDES, ₩ lb—			
Green		@	6
Dry		@	8
HAY, ₩ 100 lbs—			
Eastern		@	1 00
Western		@	90
North River		@	85
HOOP IRON, ₩ lb	2	@	3½
LARD, ₩ lb—			
Northern	8½	@	9
North Carolina	9½	@	10
LIME, ₩ barrel		@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ₩ M feet—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	13 00	@	20 00
Rough Edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ₩ gallon—			
New Crop Cuba, in hhds		@	28
" in bbls		@	28
Porto Rico, in hhds	35	@	27½
" in bbls	95	@	30
Sugar-House, in hhds	12	@	16
" in bbls		@	16
Syrup, in bbls	18	@	35
NAILS, ₩ keg, Cut, 8dd basis		@	2 50
PORK, ₩ barrel—			
City Mess	14 00	@	14 50
Rump		@	13 00
Prime		@	14 00
ROPE, ₩ lb	10	@	22
SALT, ₩ sack, Alum		@	75
Liverpool		@	65
Lisbon		@	
American		@	65
28 lbs ₩ Sacks		@	90
SHINGLES 7-inch, ₩ M	5 00	@	7 00
Common	2 00	@	2 50
Cypress	4 50	@	5 00
Cypress Heads		@	7 00
SUGAR, ₩ lb—Standard Granul'd	4½	@	4½
Standard A	4	@	4¼
White Ex. C		@	4¼
Extra C, Golden	4	@	4¼
C, Yellow		@	3¾
SOAP, ₩ lb—Northern	8½	@	9
STAVES, ₩ M—W. O. Barrel	8 00	@	14
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ₩ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Prime	6 00	@	7 00
Mill, Fair	4 50	@	4 50
Common Mill	3 50	@	3 50
Inferior to Ordinary	3 00	@	3 00
TALLOW, ₩ lb	5	@	
WHISKEY, ₩ gallon—Northern	1 00	@	1
North Carolina	1 00	@	1
WOOL, ₩ lb—Washed	14	@	
Clear of burr	13½	@	
Burry		@	

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, Sept. 26.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Steady at 25¼ cents per gallon for country and 25¾ cents for machine-made casks.

ROSIN.—Market firm at $1 12½ per bbl for Strained and $1 17½ for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market steady at $1 20 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market quoted on Change firm at $1 10 for Hard, $1 50 for Yellow Dip, and $1 80 for Virgin. Inspectors quote Hard, $1 90; Virgin and Yellow dip, $1 60.

COTTON—Firm.

Ordinary	8¾	cts ₩ lb
Good Ordinary	9¾	" "
Low Middling	7 9-16	" "
Middling	8	" "
Good Middling	8 5-16	" "

RECEIPTS.

Cotton	1,850 bales
Spirits Turpentine	100 casks
Rosin	466 bbls
Tar	128 bbls
Crude Turpentine	21 bbls

DOMESTIC MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, September 26.- Evening—Money on call was at 1¼@2 per cent., last loan at 1½, and closing offered at 1½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4½@5½ per cent. Sterling exchange weak; actual business in bankers' bills at 487½@487¾ for sixty days and 488½@488¾ for demand. Commercial bills 486½@487½. Government bonds firm; United States coupon fours 112¾; United States twos 96½. State bonds steady; North Carolina fours 102, North Carolina sixes 125. Railroad bonds higher.

Silver at the Stock Exchange to-day was neglected.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, September 25—Evening Cotton quiet; middling gulf 9c; middling 8¾c.

Cotton futures market closed steady; September 8 58, October 8 52, November 8 59, December 8 67c, January 8 74, February 8 80, March 8 86, April 8 92, May 8 98. Sales 484,200 bales.

Cotton—net receipts —— bales; gross 872 bales; exports to Great Britain —— bales; to France —— bales; to the Continent —— bales; forwarded 25 bales; sales — bales, sales to spinners 174 bales; stock (actual) 150,980 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 23,786 bales; exports to Great Britain 219 bales; to France —— bales; to the Continent 4,300 bales; stock 424,917.

Total so far this week—Net receipts 123,077 bales; exports to Great Britain 21,139 bales; to France 700 bales; to the Continent 5,711 bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 278,333 bales; exports to Great Britain 51,020 bales; exports to France 777 bales; exports to the Continent 12,247 bales.

NEW YORK, Sept. 26.—Evening.—Flour was firm, with a fair demand; winter wheat, low grades $2 15@2 50; fair to fancy $2 60@3 25; patents $3 30@3 50; Minnesota clear $3 50@3 90; patents $3 30@4 10; low extra $2 15@2 50; city mills ——. Southern flour was quiet and firm, common to fair extra $2 00@2 70; good to choice $2 80@3 10. Wheat dull but steady; No. 3 red in store and at elevator 65¾c; afloat 66c; options opened dull and unchanged, advanced ½@¾c, suddenly gained 1¾@1¼c, closing firm at 1¾@1¼c over yesterday; No. 2 red September 64⅝; October 65⅞c; December 66¾c; May 70¼c; June 70½c. Corn—quiet and steady; No. 2 at elevator 38c; afloat 39c; options were dull and ½@¾c higher and closed steady; September 37⅞c; October 37⅝c; November 37¼c; May 35¾c. Oats—spot dull; mixed firm; white ½c lower; options dull and unchanged to ¼c higher; September 24¾c; October 24¼c; December 24¾c; spot prices—No. 2 24¾c; No. 2 white 27c; mixed Western 24@26c. Hay had a limited demand; shipping 65@70c; good to choice 85@87c. Wool quiet steady; domestic fleece 10@22c; pulled 15@34c; Texas —c. Beef quiet steady; family $9 00@12 00; extra mess $7 50@8 00; beef hams inactive at $15 00@15 50; tierced beef firm and active; city extra India mess $17 00; cut meats quiet and steady; pickled bellies (12 pounds) 6¾c; shoulders

Castoria

For Infants and Children.

Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep **natural.** **Castoria** contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 South Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

From personal knowledge and observation I can say that Castoria is an excellent medicine for children, acting as a laxative and relieving the pent up bowels and general system very much. Many mothers have told me of its excellent effect upon their children."
DR. G. C. OSGOOD, Lowell, Mass.

"For several years I have recommended 'Castoria,' and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results."
EDWIN F. PARDEE, M.D., 125th Street and 7th Ave., New York City.

"The use of 'Castoria' is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach."
CARLOS MARTYN, D.D., New York City.

What is Castoria

A Practically Perfect Preparation For Children's Complaints

C.A.S.T.O.R.I.A

A LADY'S TOILET

Is not complete without an ideal

COMPLEXION POWDER.

POZZONI'S

Combines every element of beauty and purity. It is beautifying, soothing, healing, healthful, and harmless, and when rightly used is invisible. A most delicate and desirable protection to the face in this climate.

Insist upon having the genuine.

IT IS FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.

feb 4 1y

Wants.

One Cent a Word.

Advertisements under this heading —Help and Situations Wanted, For Rent, For Sale, Lost and Found, One Cent a word each insertion. But no advertisement taken for less than Twenty cents. my 26 tf

FOR MAN AND BEAST!

Mexican Mustang Liniment

CURES

Sciatica,	Scratches,	Contracted
Lumbago,	Sprains,	Muscles,
Rheumatism,	Strains,	Eruptions,
Burns,	Stitches,	Hoof Ail,
Scalds,	Stiff Joints,	Screw
Stings,	Backache,	Worms,
Bites,	Galls,	Swinney,
Bruises,	Sores,	Saddle Galls,
Bunions,	Spavin	Piles.
Corns,	Cracks.	

THIS GOOD OLD STAND-BY

accomplishes for everybody exactly what is claimed for it. One of the reasons for the great popularity of the Mustang Liniment is found in its universal applicability. Everybody needs such a medicine.

The Lumberman needs it in case of accident.

The Housewife needs it for general family use.

The Canaller needs it for his teams and his men.

The Mechanic needs it always on his work bench.

The Miner needs it in case of emergency.

The Pioneer needs it—can't get along without it.

The Farmer needs it in his house, his stable, and his stock yard.

The Steamboat man or the Boatman needs it in liberal supply afloat and ashore.

The Horse-fancier needs it—it is his best friend and safest reliance.

The Stock-grower needs it—it will save him thousands of dollars and a world of trouble.

The Railroad man needs it and will need it so long as his life is a round of accidents and dangers.

The Backwoodsman needs it. There is nothing like it as an antidote for the dangers to life, limb and comfort which surround the pioneer.

The Merchant needs it about his store among his employees. Accidents will happen, and when these come the Mustang Liniment is wanted at once.

Keep a Bottle in the House. 'Tis the best of economy.

Keep a Bottle in the Factory. Its immediate use in case of accident saves pain and loss of wages.

Keep a Bottle Always in the Stable for use when wanted.

The Morning Star.

A MODERN HERO.

His limbs are fixed in rigid pain,
As though in iron bands;
He cannot shift his trodden feet;
He cannot use his hands.

He dares not turn his throbbing head
Or stiffened neck. For why?
The handle of a walking stick
Would jab him in the eye.

The lagging minutes lengthen out
In famine's deadly hold.
He eats and longs, like Tantalus,
His dinner growing cold.

No hooded, grim inquisitor
Inflicts his long drawn pain.
He pays a price to suffer it,
Disdaining to complain.

Oh, sing of heroes dead in war,
But here I pledge in wine,
The third class passenger who rides
On a suburban line!
—Fred B. Wells in Home and Country.

HYPNOTIZED.

"There isn't anybody living who can hypnotize me."

"Don't be too sure, Leonora," said her husband. "You cannot afford to run a tilt against science."

"But I deny that it is science. What has ever been proved by hypnotism? It is foolish to argue about it, for I will not even admit that there is such a thing. The shrewd people who go about the country giving exhibitions of their power are always in collusion with some one in the audience—you know that yourself, Ned."

"Nothing of the kind," retorted Ned, as Mrs. Darl called her husband. "It is a science that is yet in its infancy, and there are only a few individuals who have the hypnotic power and are able to throw less positive subjects into a trance. But I have seen it done, and it is wonderful—wonderful."

"What did you see?"

"I saw a young man climb walls like a cat, drink milk out of a saucer, catch a mouse, and then wash his face and hands as a cat does. And when he came out of the trance he had no idea that he had done any of these things or that he had even lost consciousness."

"Hum!" said Mrs. Darl incredulously, "I don't believe a word of it. If he did all that you said he did, he was simply a conspirator. And what good can such a faculty bring to science, I should like to know? Where is the scientific value in acting like a cat or a monkey?"

"Why, don't you see, dear, it is the verification of a theory?"

"No, I do not see. And I am not sure that I would believe it if I did see it. The whole stock in trade of these hypnotizers is the power of producing an illusion. I defy any of them to hypnotize me."

"I had intended asking you to go with me to the exhibition tonight."

"And be transmogrified into a cat! No, indeed! If I make a sacrifice of myself in the cause of science, it must be for something worth while. You have yet to convince me, Ned, that what you call the hypnotic sleep is not assumed to help carry out the plan of the hypnotizer or as a means of creating a sensation. There is no one living who could by a few ridiculous passes, a stare or pressure of my thumbs make me do anything I did not choose to do."

"But you acknowledge, do you not, that a strong will can control a weak one?"

"Yes, and always could, but that is as old as the days of Adam, who was evidently in subjection to Eve. I suppose some one will say that deep sleep which overtook our first father when his rib was taken from him was hypnotic. It would be just about as sensible."

"I have an idea," said Mr. Darl suddenly. "Suppose, since Mohammed won't go to the mountain, that the mountain comes to Mohammed. The hypnotist can come here after the entertainment, and we will invite a few neighbors in, and he can give an exhibition of his powers. How does that idea strike you?"

"Favorably, Ned. There are the Rusts, and the Pebbles and Dr. Smithly and his wife, and Cousin Fanny and her husband. You can let them know, and I will order refreshments, and we will have an evening of hypnotism. It will begin late, but we can find other amusement until your hypnotic operator comes."

Mrs. Darl had everything arranged—her house in beautiful order and herself gorgeous in a dress of ruby velvet, which was far too fine for the occasion, but was worn as a piece de resistance, she having read that velvet resisted hypnotic influence.

The neighbors and relatives came, a merry company, and the time passed in an animated discussion upon the power of hypnotism, one friend going so far in research as to visit the library and look up that wonderful story, the "House of Seven Gables," and read aloud to attentive listeners a passage from the weird history of Alice Pyncheon.

"He spoke, and Alice responded with a soft, subdued inward acquiescence and a bending of her form toward him, like the flame of a torch when it indicates a gentle draft of air. He beckoned with his hand, and rising from her chair the proud Alice approached him. He waved her back, and retreating Alice sunk again into her seat.

"'She is mine,' said Matthew Maule. 'Mine by the right of the strongest spirit.'

"'Oh, that was mesmerism,' said Mrs. Darl as the reading ceased.

"And what is mesmerism?" asked one of the company. "I think that it is as unexplainable as hypnotism, if it is not the same thing. Oh, here they are now! Let us hold on to our chairs, or we may be spirited away to China. I, for one, am afraid."

"I am not," said the queenly hostess as she swept forward in velvet and diamonds to meet her husband and his guest.

A pale, composed looking man accompanied Mr. Darl, and he did not seem surprised by the elegance of his hostess or flushed by the critical gaze of the company.

After the introductions were made and conversation became general, Mrs. Darl slipped into the hall and beckoned to her husband, who immediately joined her. She whispered in his ear:

"If—if—by any possibility he should be able to hypnotize me, you will not let him make me do anything ridiculous?"

"My dear Leona, how can you imagine such a possibility? But if you have any fear"—

"Fear!" echoed his wife scornfully in a stage whisper. "You will see that he cannot make the slightest impression on me." And she went back to the parlor and found one of her guests climbing the piano to escape an imaginary bear that was pursuing him. A few passes and he was restored to his normal condition, looking very foolish.

There were some amusing and some perplexing exhibitions of the professor's power, then the company followed host and hostess to the dining room, where a generous spread awaited them. Mrs. Darl was rather silent. Her feet would be the next one, and she watched the wiry hands of the young professor as if his secret lay in them. But they were harmlessly busy with the sandwiches. His face was quite noncommittal too. What was the power he held of reducing the will to a mere blank? She would soon know.

Back in the parlor Mrs. Darl seated herself under the brilliant chandelier.

"Not there," said the professor, but she did not intend to yield to any command of his and said quietly:

"I prefer to sit here."

"Then I cannot hypnotize you."

"Oh, you acknowledge that it is only under certain conditions that this great power can be displayed?"

"Certainly, there are conditions that must be complied with. I am positive, and you are negative, but you are a very difficult subject because you are resisting me with all your might."

Mrs. Darl looked reproachfully at her husband and said in the dumb alphabet of the married, "You have told him."

He flashed back in the same language, "I have not," and she moved in accordance with the wish of the professor and sat with her back to the light. Some of the company were removed to remote parts of the room, but a few, including Mr. Darl, stood near.

"Look into my eyes," said the professor. "Permit me." And he took her hands and pressed the thumbs gently.

"It is like being in a dentist's chair," said Mrs. Darl, with a little forced laugh. Then she attempted to rise, struggling slightly, but continued to look into the eyes of the hypnotizer until in the place of two eyes she saw 20. Then she asserted her will and shook herself free.

"I—told—you—I—could—not be—hypnotized," she said. Her voice sounded strange and far away. "How queer I feel! Staring so long has made me dizzy."

"Drink this," said Mr. Darl, giving his wife a glass of water.

She drank it, then rose to her feet and said she felt as well as ever.

"Where is the professor?" she asked. "I expect he has lost faith in his science."

"He was here a moment ago," said her cousin Fanny anxiously. "He thought he had succeeded in hypnotizing you, Leona. Were you not unconscious?"

"Not for one moment," said Mrs. Darl triumphantly. "He held my thumbs until they were numb—why!—where!—Ned!"

"What is it, Leona?" he asked in surprise at her peculiar tone.

"Where are my diamonds?"

There was a startled exclamation from every one present. Mrs. Darl stood there bereft of every jewel she possessed. Not a single one of her gems which had flashed on her fingers, at her throat, in her ears, was now visible. Dazed, she held up her ringless hands and said:

"Is this a joke? What does it mean? Where are my diamonds?"

"Where is the professor?"

"Search the house!"

"Send for the police!"

But the professor had left for parts unknown, and with him went Mrs. Darl's diamonds, and neither the police nor the Darls ever saw or heard of them or him again. But one thing was in his favor. Not only had he successfully hypnotized Mrs. Darl, but, as Mr. Darl admitted, he must have hypnotized the whole company in order to bring his hypnotic scheme to such a climax.

And Mrs. Darl is at last a convert to both the theory and practice of the occult science and a firm believer in the power of the hypnotic will.—Mrs. M. L. Rayne in Free Press.

A Daring Forgery.

A neat forgery was recently committed by a Parisian criminal, one Altmayer, which in its adroitness and audacity was worthy of "Jim the Penman" himself.

The accused had lately had several hearings at the Palais de Justice before M. Villiers, juge d'instruction. Several times during these hearings M. Villiers was summoned from the room for a few minutes at a time.

During one of these absences the culprit contrived to get possession of a sheet of paper and an envelope with official printed heading, and also to affix the official seal. Then he drew up at his leisure a document ordering his own immediate release, counterfeiting with rare skill the judge's signature.

On quitting the court one day he handed the letter thus prepared to the sentinel stationed in the corridor and remarked in an offhand manner, "The judge wants you to carry this letter immediately to the director of the Mazas prison." The soldier, suspecting nothing, took the letter and accompanied the prisoner to Mazas. A few minutes later Altmayer was summoned to the director's office and was informed that he was a free man.

With an outburst of simulated joy and surprise he at once took his departure, and as the fraud was not discovered until the following day he had plenty of time to get beyond the reach of the clutches of French justice.

Sir Henry Layard.

The late Sir Henry Layard was a man to whose abilities, achievements and personal qualities but scant justice was done in the obituary notices which appeared at the time of his death.

He did not "wear his heart upon his sleeve," and those who had only a slight acquaintance with him may perhaps be excused for not perceiving the stanch and genuine kindness of that heart—a kindness which none of his friends could fail to experience, but his achievements and his career are written large in the history of the nineteenth century, and the impetus which his researches and discoveries gave to the study of archæology—to say nothing of the inestimable value of the light they throw on the Old Testament narrative—will never be forgotten or underrated by those whose opinions on such subjects is worth having. Sir Henry Layard's later years were chiefly devoted to historical, archæological and artistic research, and during his residence in Venice, where he spent a considerable part of every year, he came to be regarded almost as an unaccredited representative of his country in that city.—John Murray in Good Words.

Where Love Is Secondary.

A conspicuous difference between the English and Chinese dramas is explained by the fact that, whereas in the former love holds a leading part, in the latter it is relegated to a secondary place. In England it is a passion, in China a sentiment only; hence the thousand intrigues love gives rise to are, in the latter country, either thrown into the shade or tabooed entirely. Without their ardent passions many of our theatrical productions would lose their interest and most of their merit. An English, or, to use a wider term, a European playgoer, requires a due quantum of love.

In China, on the other hand, this demand finds little echo, since love there is not the chief theme of bard and painter. Convention and the strength of parental authority have crushed in a great measure those amorous longings which exist in the human heart, and as love, courtship and matrimony are even more prosaic in the far east than in our part of the world the first of these feelings, if handled as a passion, cannot powerfully arrest the attention of the multitude.—Nineteenth Century.

A Dainty Sprinkler.

O'Kief—Doesn't Miss Flipsley make a pretty picture as she sprinkles her flowers?

McEil—Yes, and judging by the way she is holding her skirt she seems anxious to let the neighbors see that she uses nothing but the best quality of hose.—Brooklyn Eagle.

Twenty Years Hence.

Traveler—Trilby? Trilby? That is a queer name for a town. I wonder whence it was derived?

Citizen of Trilby Station—Dunno. I guess it's Injun.—Indianapolis Journal.

Gentian is prepared from a plant which grows extensively in the Alps, Apennines and other mountain parts of Europe, and also in some mountain districts of the United States.

Kaffraria was so called because it was inhabited by the Kaffirs, or "unbelievers."

SLAVES OF ARSENIC.

Queer Practices of the People of the Little Duchy of Styria.

The habit of arsenic eating by the people of Styria, a duchy of Austria, has been known to the scientific world for many years. Travelers who have passed through Styria have come back with reports on this practice, saying that the people of that country were accustomed to taking a white mineral, which was arsenic.

That this was so was denied by many, who said that the mineral taken was nothing more nor less than chalk. There was much discussion over the matter, and the subject proved itself of such interest and importance that the scientific societies took the question up and investigated it, and it was pretty well proved that such a usage did exist, but not so widespread as was generally supposed. Many physicians have gone there simply to investigate this practice of arsenic eating. While some of them have found out much about the custom, others have come away no wiser than when they went, owing to the secrecy which exists among those addicted to the habit. As it is against the law to obtain arsenic without a prescription from a physician of course those who do so are anxious to keep it quiet. There are also found among the peasants of Salzburg and Tyrol those who follow the same practice. In these regions several arsenic works are situated, and the only way the employees can stand the poisonous fumes is by taking the drug internally, at first in small doses and gradually increasing the dose until the system tolerates large quantities.

It is probably from these arsenic workers that the custom spread to others, principally the lower classes, as hunters, wood cleavers, stable grooms and charcoal burners. All forms of arsenic are taken—the pure arsenic, the red sulphide and the yellow sulphide or orpiment.

The arsenic eaters begin with a dose about the size of a pinhead and increase this amount gradually until they are taking a piece about the size of a pea.

The habit is generally begun at the age of 15 and continued up to the ages of 74 and 75. The users of hidri, as arsenic is known among the peasants, are generally long lived people, but unless at the age of 50 they commence to gradually discontinue the use of it they invariably die a sudden death, and the fact that death occurs occasionally from poisoning among hidri eaters shows that even the Styrians are not invincible to the deadly effects of this drug.

The reason for this custom is asserted by some to be for their personal appearance, but the fact that the habit exists principally among the male sex disproves this. It is said by the peasants themselves that it is done to make them strong and healthy, and they really are a strong and healthy people.

Enormous quantities of the drug are taken by some of them. In one well authenticated case the man, a manager of some arsenic works, took daily a dose of 23 grains, each dose large enough to kill several men unaccustomed to its use. Another strange thing about this case is, the man began it first by taking three grains, an amount which we would consider decidedly dangerous. On several occasions he attempted to leave off taking the drug, but was made violently ill, only to recover on resuming his usual allowance.—Washington Star.

Touching For King's Evil.

The authority for the statement that Clovis was the first monarch that touched for scrofula is the "De Mirabili Strumas Sanando" of Laurentius, physician to Henry IV of France. The statement has been questioned by English writers on the subject, some of whom have maintained that no foreign sovereigns such as were allied to the royal family of England ever possessed this gift, which was originally bestowed upon our Edward the Confessor.

Queen Anne was the last of English reigning sovereigns to exercise the gift, but the Stuart pretenders claimed it, and Charles Edward is said to have healed a child by touch at Holyrood in 1746. See Chambers' Encyclopædia, "The Book of Days" and Cassell's "Family Physician," under "Scrofula." Aubrey, in his "Miscellanies," has some curious instances of healing by touch under "Miranda." He suggests that cures by the royal touch may have been due to the prayers said at the ceremony, but records cures by the touch of a seventh son at which no prayers appear to have been said.—Notes and Queries.

In the Newspaper of the Future.

Assistant—What will we do with this article, "An Appeal For Justice. Why Is One-half the Human Race Debarred From the Right of Suffrage?"

Mrs. Newage (editor in chief of The World For Women)—Cut it down to a quarter of a column and put it in the man's page.—Chicago Tribune.

Sousa.

A resident of Cincinnati who knew Sousa, the bandmaster, when he was a boy in Washington, says: "His mother was a German and his father a Spaniard, and though they had other children Mrs. Sousa would always talk of 'my Chonny' as if he was the only one. Chonny had every whim gratified. He wanted a piano, and got it; a violin, and got it; a drum, got it; a horn, got it. His parlor was like a music store. He played everything with ease. He was at first a drummer boy in the army, but later got charge of the Marine band, whether by influence or merit I do not know. That gave him room to develop, and he did to an amazing extent."

No Longer Veal.

An English clergyman was preaching in a country church in Scotland. He had as his subject "The Prodigal Son." "And the prodigal son went away from his poor old father and remained in a far country for years and years, but after years and years he came back to his poor father, and his poor old father said unto his servants, Bring forth the fatted calf, which has been kept for my son these years and years."

An old farmer in the audience could contain himself no longer. "Yer a leer. It wud hae bin a coo!" he exclaimed.—Ram's Horn.

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LETTER CARRIERS IN THE ALPS.

Their Terrible Hardships In Winter and Heroic Devotion to Duty.

Among letter carriers the world over probably there are few who undergo for so small a pittance such terrible hardships as those who carry the mails in the high Alps in winter. They are paid but 28 cents per day and frequently lose their lives in the performance of their duty. The world at large hears of them but rarely, and then only from some chance traveler who has been snowbound in a hospice in those high altitudes.

The postman at Villar d'Arene, in the Alpes Maritimes, was badly frost bitten last winter while making his rounds. A Parisian journalist happened to be in the village when the mail arrived and said to him, "You have a good excuse for not going over your route today, because you are ill and more than three feet of new snow fell last night."

"Yes, monsieur," the carrier replied, "I know all that very well, but—que voulez-vous? There is in the bag a letter from Louis Jousset, which comes from Tonquin. You cannot understand how impatiently his parents are awaiting that letter from their son. Every day they ask me, 'Is there nothing from him yet?' They are anxious about him. He is so far away. And now a letter has come, shall I make them wait? Oh, no. I have not the courage, though I fear from the pain I suffer that neither the postman nor the letter will reach their destination."

On the way from Abries, on the French side, to Bobbio, in Italy, some miles before reaching the Col de la Croix, separating the two countries, there is a house of refuge, which was built nearly 100 years ago by the French government. For some time previous to last winter it was kept by a cantonnier and his wife, but through carelessness or complacence they allowed Italian soldiers to come there and spy across the border. Last winter, therefore, two gendarmes were stationed there, and the place was furnished with a telephone to the village below. They were supplied with provisions every two days by a postman named Blanc, from Abries, some miles distant. The snow fell so deeply one night in February that it filled the steep pass which led to the house where the two soldiers were stationed. Blanc, nevertheless, knowing that they would soon be without provisions, set out to relieve them. He did not return, and the next day his body was found. The two gendarmes, meanwhile, were starving, and it was only at the risk of their lives that some hardy villagers rescued them two days later.—New York World.

Beards, Snuff and the English Bar.

Forty years ago an Old Bailey practitioner who wore a beard was summoned to attend a meeting of the bar and charged with "violating the honorable traditions of the profession." He sought acquittal on the ground that a serious affection of the throat compelled his transgression of the unwritten ordinances of the bar, but his judges declined to accept his defense and sent him to Coventry. Times, The Law Journal, points out, have changed now. "Half of the ordinary members of the court of appeals now wear beards, Lord Justice Lopes, Lord Justice Rigby and now Lord Justice Kay having departed from the traditions of the bench. The only other judges who wear beards are Lord Watson and Sir Francis Jeune."

Another terrible instance of departure from ancient precedent was deplored last night by the lord chief justice in his amusing speech to the Hardwicke society. The "eminently judicial" habit of taking snuff was, he regretted to say, falling into almost complete desuetude. He remembered Sir James Bacon telling him on one occasion that when he was a junior there was not a single man in the court, from the judge on the bench to the usher, who did not carry a snuff box, and he ended by saying, "Here I am, the only man left with a snuff box." And now the only man left is the chief himself, but all that one man can do he does.—Westminster Gazette.

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June 8 1m

Wilmington Seacoast Railroad
CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

ON AND AFTER SEPT. 19TH, THE TRAINS on the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad will run as follows:

Trains leave Princess street Station at 6.30 and 10.10 a. m., and 3.00, 5.00 and 7.00 p. m.

Trains leave Ocean View at 7.30 a. m., 11.00 a. m. and 4.00, 6.00 and 9.30 p. m.

Sunday trains leave Princess Street Station at 10 a. m. and 3 p. m. Leave Ocean View at 12 m and 6.30 p. m.

sep 17 tf OSCAR GRANT, Acting Superintendent.

W., N. & N. Railway.

In Effect Sunday, Sept. 1, 1895.

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

NORTH BOUND	STATIONS.	SOUTH BOUND
6		7
A M	—WILMINGTON—	P M
8 20	Lv.. Mulberry street..Ar	6 30
10 34	Lv.. Jacksonville.....Lv	14 33
11 07	Lv.. Maysville.....Lv	3 51
11 32	Lv.. Pollocksville.....Lv	3 26
12 01	Ar.. Newbern.....Lv	3 00
P M		P M

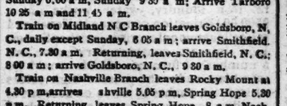
Trains 8 and 7 p m make connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.

Steamers on New River leave Marine's daily except Sunday, at 6.30 a m; arrive Jacksonville at 9 30 a m; returning leave Jacksonville 3.00 p m, arriving Marine's 6 p m.

H. A. WHITING, General Manage

J. W. MARTENIS, Traffic Manager. sep 1 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.



SCHEDULE IN EFFECT SEPT 8, 1895.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.56 a m, Warsaw 11.10 a m, Goldsboro 12.05 a m, Wilson 1.00 p m, Rocky Mount 2.33 p m, Tarboro 3.48 p m, Weldon 5.39 p m, Petersburg 5.43 p m, Richmond 6.45 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.48 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.58 a m, Boston 8.00 p m.

DAILY No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.31 p m, Warsaw 8.45 p m, Goldsboro 9.40 p m, Wilson 10.27 p m, †Tarboro 6.58 a m, Rocky Mount 12.07 p m, Weldon 12.55 a m, †Norfolk 10.35 a m, Petersburg 2.37 a m, Richmond 3.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 8.20 a m, Philadelphia 10.46 a m, New York 1.23 p m, Boston 8.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.45 p m, Chadbourn 5.17 p m, Marion 6.24 p m, Florence 7.05 p m, Atkinson 8.11 p m, Sumter 8.38 p m, Columbia 10.00 p m, Denmark 6.11 a m, Augusta 8.00 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.55 p m, Savannah 1.19 a m, Jacksonville 7.00 a m, St. Augustine 12.00 noon, Tampa 5.30 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY No. 47—Passenger—Leave Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.08 a m, Baltimore 2.50 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 6.40 a m, Weldon 11.53 a m, Tarboro 12.20 p m, Rocky Mount 1.05 p m, Wilson 2.18 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.08 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 11.00 p m, New York 9.00 a m, Philadelphia 11.38 a m, Baltimore 2.18 p m, Washington 3.30 p m, Richmond 7.13 p m, Petersburg 7.54 p m, †Norfolk 2.10 p m, Weldon 9.27 p m, †Tarboro 5.50 p m, Rocky Mount 10.20 p m, arrive Wilson 11.08 p m, leave Wilson 6.35 a m, Goldsboro 7.30 a m, Warsaw 8.16 a m, Magnolia 8.39 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 9.30 a m, Sanford 1.50 p m, Jacksonville 6.20 p m Savannah 12.00 night, Charleston 4.12 a m, Columbia 5.30 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 2.25 p m, Denmark 4.17 p m, Sumter 6.43 a m, Atkinson 7.14 a m, Florence 8.35 a m, Marion 9.06 a m, Chadbourn 10.10 a m, Lake Waccamaw 10.39 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.45 p m, Halifax 4.05 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 4.55 p m, Greenville 6.37 p m, Kinston 7 35 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7 20 a m, Greenville 8.22 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11 00a m, Weldon 11.20 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 7.00 a. m., arrive Parmele 8.40 a. m., Tarboro 9 50; am returning leaves Tarboro 4 40 p m; Parmele 6.10 p. m. arrives Washington 7.35 p. m. Daily except Sunday. Connects at Parmele with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, at 4.50 p m; Sunday 3.00 p m.; arrive Plymouth 9 00 p m, 5 25 p m. Returning, leave Plymouth daily except Sunday 6.00 a m, Sunday 9 30 a m; Arrive Tarboro 10 25 a m and 11 45 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 6 05 a m; arrive Smithfield N. C., 7.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield, N. C.; 8 00 a m; arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9 50 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8 35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9 05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.30 a m.

Trains on South and North Carolina Railroad leave Elliott 7.00 p m, arrive Bishopville 7 39 p m. Lucknow 8.10 p m, returning leave Lucknow 6.30 a m, Bishopville 7 00 a m; arrive Elliott 7 38 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 8.40 a m, arrive Latta 9.01 a m, Dillon 9 19 a m, Rowland 9 31 a m; returning leaves Rowland 6 00 p m, arrives Dillon 6.18 p m, Latta 6.31 p m, Pee Dee 6.53 p m, daily. Latta Branch trains leave Latta 6 40 p m, arrive Clio 8 05 p m, returning leave Clio 6 10 a m, arrive Latta 7 50 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Conway Railroad, leave Hub at 8.15 a m, Chadbourn 10.30 a m, arrive Conway 12.35 p m, leave Conway 2 30 p m, Chadbourn 5.35 p m, arrive Hub 6.30 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence 7.30 a m, 8.15 a m, 7.25 p m, arrive Darlington 8.05 a m, 8.55 a m, 7.50 p m, Hartsville 8.45 p m. Bennettsville 8 54 p m, Gibson 9 20 p m, Cheraw, S. C., 11.15 a m, Wadesboro 1.10 p m, leave Wadesboro 2.00 p m, Cheraw 4.05 p m, Gibson 4.15 a m, Bennettsville 7 11 a m, Hartsville 4.30 a m, Darlington 6.05 p m, 4.30 p m. 5.35 a m, arrive Florence 6.45 p m, 5 p m, 6 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 5.50 p m, Manning 6.31 p m, arrive Lane's 7 p m, leave Lanes 8.35 a m, Manning 9.15 a m, arrive Sumter 9.44 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7.10 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 8.30 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 5 p m, arrive Lanes 8.35 a m, 6.30 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2.03 p m, 11.08 p m, arrive Selma 3.53 p m, Smithfield 5.03 p m, Dunn 5.44 p m, Fayetteville 6.50 p m, 12.53 a m. Rowland 6.00 p m, returning leave Rowland 9.31 a m, Fayetteville 10.55 a m, 9.35 p m, Dunn 11.44 a m, Smithfield 12.25 p m, Selma 12.53 p m, arrive Wilson 1.30 p m, 11.38 p m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad train leaves Darlington 10 11 a m, arrives Sumter 10 40 a m. Leave Sumter 10 50 a m, arrives Pregnalls 12 35 p m, Leaves Sumter 4 19 a m, arrives Denmark 6 11 a m. Returning leaves Denmark 4 17 p m, arrive Sumter 6 05 p m. Leaves Pregnalls 2 50 a m, arrives Sumter 4 40 p m. Leaves Sumter 6 15 p m, arrives Darlington 7 45 p m. †Daily except Sunday.

H. M. EMERSON, Ass't Gen'l Passenger Agent.

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The Times

(PHILADELPHIA) THIS MORNING

THE TIMES—Is the most extensively circulated and widely read newspaper published in Pennsylvania. Its discussion of public men and public measures is in the interest of public integrity, honest government and prosperous industry, and it knows no party or personal allegiance in treating public issues. In the broadest and best sense a family and general newspaper.

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The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, SEP. 27, 1895

SPOTS AND FUTURES.

New York Sun's Review of the Cotton Market.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Sept. 26.—The *Sun* says: Cotton rose nineteen to twenty-three points, then reacted; and closed steady at a rise for the day of sixteen or seventeen points, with sales of 484,200 bales. Liverpool rose 1-16d on the spot, with sales of 20,000 bales, making 45,000 in two days; futures rose three points there, but reacted, and closed barely steady, with some months a half point lower than yesterday. New Orleans advanced twenty-one points, and then reacted five points. In Manchester yarns were in moderate demand; cloths quiet. The port receipts to-day were 23,786 bales, against 12,505 last week, and 28,255 last year. Spot cotton here was quiet at ⅛c advance, with sales of 184 bales for spinning. The Southern spot markets were firm and generally higher. New Orleans, Charleston, and Wilmington advanced ⅛c; Mobile and Savannah ¼c. New Orleans receipts to-morrow is estimated at 3,500 to 4,000, against 9,622 last year.

To day's features.—It was a bull day beyond question. Rising prices at Liverpool and all over the South, accompanied by a big spot business, heavy buying of futures, not only across the water, but in New York and New Orleans, all combined to give the market decided strength, and the transactions were on an enormous scale at a big rise as compared with yesterday's prices. Liverpool and New Orleans were buying here. New Orleans bought partly owing to the small difference between the two markets. On the rise many of the commission houses realized profits freely, but the market took the cotton very well indeed. The New Orleans market showed decided strength in spite of the fact that it was notice day. It was reported that one of the leading operators there would be obliged to receive about 100,000 bales on October contracts. Nobody seemed to be at all worried about the matter, except the bears. It is estimated that Henry Hentz & Co. purchased from 30,000 to 40,000 bales today, mostly for European account.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

Wheat, Corn and Oats Firm and Higher—Better Prices for Pork Products.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, Sept. 26.—Wheat "shorts" exhibited a lack of courage to-day and the local bulls were made valorous by the timidity of their opponents. The final strength seemed to have been touched off by an advance of ½d in Liverpool. It was clearly an oversold market, offerings, however moderate, being quickly seized upon by those who are known to be short. The advance afforded an opportunity for the sale of some of the much-talked-of long line and before obtained that portion went overboard. December wheat opened at 54⅛ to 59¼c, advanced to 61¼, closing at 61¼—1⅞ to 2c higher than yesterday. Cash wheat sold at 1c advance, but closed nominally much stronger.

Corn was firm, advancing a trifle through its affinity with wheat. The *Price Current* stated that the corn crop was secure. The consumption and the demand are all that are apparently now interests the trade. Prices are very low, however, and few are willing to assume a determined attitude against them. Anything that tends to help wheat may have an indirect effect on corn. May corn opeded at 28½c, sold between 29 @29¼ and 29⅝c—closining at the latter—½c higher than yesterday. Cash corn sold at steady prices, closing nominally firmer.

Oats—The attention received by oats was of an exceedingly diminutive kind. Firmer prices naturally prevailed, inasmuch as the only influence at work was that of sympathy with wheat and corn. May oats closed ¼@¼c higher than yesterday. Cash oats were steady.

Provisions—The only interest attached to provisions was in the liquidation of October contracts. To-day's market would indicate that the shorts were in the majority. The crowd were conscientious about advancing prices when any covering was attempted. The October was relatively stronger than the more distant deliveries. Hogs were firm and higher, and that, with the improvement in grain, extended a beneficial influence. At the close October pork was 17½c higher; October lard 2½c higher, and October ribs 7½c higher.

TO FREE CUBA.

Men Enlisted in Brooklyn, N. Y., to Aid the Insurgents.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BROOKLYN, Sept. 26.—An evening paper says: "In the attempt to free Cuba by means of expeditions of men and arms sent from this country, Brooklyn has not been neglected. Within the two past weeks, the city has been the recruiting ground for a most business like and determined effort to enlist men for the patriotic cause.

"During this time several agents of the revolutionary party have been actively at work in this city. Their field of operations has been along the water front, in the cheap boarding houses and saloons frequented by longshoremen, stevedores and sailors.

"Three agents have been at work and have used the utmost caution in their efforts. These have been of a roundabout nature and the enlisted men have been given no information of the ultimate destination of the expedition. The facts come from a man who enlisted, but discovering the dangerous nature of the enterprise, backed out at the last minute.

"In Brooklyn alone about 250 men have been engaged. In most cases these men are Germans. As a rule, they have been longshoremen, and men used to hard work and to ships."

There is a very little doubt but that these enlistments, which have apparently been successful, are intended for the armored vessel, which the Cuban revolutionists are said to have now in England, but fitted out for an attack upon Spanish commerce.

United Ireland, referring to the National Convention of Irish societies at Chicago, says it rejoices that Irishmen have not abandoned the idea of using physical force to secure justice for Ireland. They will have to put this idea into practice some day, it adds and the sooner they prepare to do so the better.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, September 26.—Spirits turpentine quiet and firm at 28¼@28⅝c. Rosin quiet and steady; strained common to good $1 45@1 50.

CHARLESTON, September 26.—Spirits turpentine firm at 25c; receipts 37½ casks. Rosin firm; good strained $1 05 @1 25; receipts 894 barrels.

SAVANNAH, September 26.—Spirits turpentine opened and closed firm at 25½c for regulars; sales 8,000 casks; receipts 851 casks. Rosin firm; sales 2,000 barrels: A B C $1 15, D $1 25, E $1 30, F $1 35, G $1 40, H $1 45, I $1 55, K $1 65, M $2 00, N $2 30, window glass $2 60, water white $3 00.

NEW JERSEY DEMOCRATS

ENDORSE THE ADMINISTRATION AND CLEVELAND'S FINANCIAL POLICY.

Alexander T. McGill Nominated for Governor on the First Ballot.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

TRENTON, N. J., Sept. 26.—The Democratic State Convention met here today to nominate a candidate for Governor. Allen McDermott, Chairman of the State Committee, called the Convention to order at 12.20. Samuel Kalisch, of New York, a well-known criminal lawyer, was made temporary chairman. Business was put through with dispatch, the speech-making and appointment of committees being concluded by one o'clock, when a recess was taken until two o'clock.

Business was resumed at 2.30 with Judge Howard Corrow, of Camden, as permanent chairman. Promptness was again the order. The platform was presented and read and adopted, unanimously. Then there was some talk as to whether the new State Committee or the Gubernatorial candidates should first be named.

The point was settled in favor of making the nomination. But two names were placed before the Convention—Chancellor McGill and Augustus W. Cutter. McGill was nominated on the first ballot. Cutter received only 143 votes out of 952. McGill's nomination was then declared to be unanimous, although a handful of delegates protested. The Convention then adjourned.

Following are extracts from the platform:

"We reaffirm the National Democratic platform adopted at Chicago in 1892, and cordially endorse the administration of President Cleveland, whose determination to protect the people of this country from the evils ever attendant upon a debasement of the national currency we are in most earnest support.

"We congratulate the people upon the revival of prosperity everywhere evident in our land, and we assert that the industrial depression with which we have been afflicted during the past three years is chargeable to the national legislation enacted by the Republican party. The purchase of silver to be stored in the Treasury and the enactment of unjust tariff laws to enrich a few favorites by the oppression of millions of consumers, were the main causes of the paralization of our markets."

The remainder of the platform is mainly devoted to State issues.

Chancellor Alexander T. McGill is a Pennsylvanian by birth and 51 years of age.

NEW ENTERPRISES

Projected in the South During the Past Week.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 26.—Reports to the *Manufacturer's Record* show that the list of new enterprises projected in the South during the post week was somewhat less than for several preceding weeks, but this does not indicate any slackening in the general industrial advancement of this section.

The fertilizer combination which has been formed to include eight of the leading fertilizer manufacturers in Virginia and North Carolina will have a capital stock of $6,500,000. It is intended by the combination to operate all of the plants which are included in it, but it is hoped to reduce the cost of production very materially. Cotton mill enterprises include a 15,000-spindle mill at La-Grange, Ga., for which bids are being invited, and the decision of the owners of a mill at Anderson, S. C., to double its capacity by adding 18,000 spindles—the increase to be made largely out of the surplus earnings after having declared good dividends. A Wilmington mill will add 300 looms. Among other enterprises reported for the week were a knitting mill and wood-working plant in Georgia; the proposed development by Western capitalists of 100,000 acres of timber, coal and oil lands in Kentucky and Tennessee; a thirty-ton cotton seed oil mill and a 600-barrel oil refinery and an ice plant in Louisiana; an architectural iron foundry, water works and a $500,000 irrigation company in Texas and miscellaneous enterprises in other States. Iron interest continue very active but a number of furnaces which would go into blast under the present high prices of iron are unable to do so on account of inability to secure ore and coke on short notice, the output of mines now in operation being fully absorbed by the furnaces in blast. During the week one furnace at Middlesborough was blown in and another furnace at the same place will probably start within a few weeks, to be followed later on by the large steel works which were built in connection with these furnaces just before the Baring failure. English capitalists are negotiating to purchase the machine shop and iron works built at Middlesborough at a cost of half a million dollars several years ago, and if the sale is made this plant which has never been in operation since built, will be started up.

BASE BALL.

The Record of the Games Played Yesterday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 26.—The last game of the 1895 championship series on the home grounds went to last year's pennant winners by the decisive score of 10 to 1. The champions have four games to play with New York, with which they will wind up the season. Should they win two thereof the pennant will again come to Baltimore, even though Cleveland plays three games and wins all of them.

It is reasonably certain that the Baltimore and Philadelphia teams will make a tour of the South after the Temple Cup series, playing in Richmond, Atlanta, New Orleans and a week in Dallas, at which place they will appear at the time of the Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight.

Baltimore—Baltimore 16; Philadelphia 1.

Chicago—Chicago 1; Cincinnati 12.

St. Louis—St. Louis 4; Pittsburg 11.

Brooklyn—Brooklyn-Boston game called end third inning—wet grounds. Score stood: Brooklyn 4; Boston 0.

Richmond—Richmond 9; Nashville 14.

SUICIDES

In Petersburg, Virginia, and Galveston, Texas.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PETERSBURG, VA., September 26.—Dr. T. A. Hall, formerly of Petersburg, but who for some years past has been residing in Prince George, his native county, committed suicide this morning by cutting his throat with a razor. The deceased had been in failing health for some time, but no cause can be attributed for his rash act. He was 75 years old.

GALVESTON, TEX., September 26.—F. A. Llewellyn to-day committed suicide by shooting himself in the temple with a 44-calibre revolver Llewellyn was employed at the Galveston Creosote Works. He was 39 years old, and leaves a wife and four children. A nephew of Llewellyn's was with him at the time of the shooting, and made an effort to prevent the act, but Llewellyn threw him down and held him while he placed the pistol against his own head and fired.

The barquentine Retriever has arrived at Port Towasend, Wash., twenty-one days from Honolulu, having on board what is suspected by the quarantine officers to be a case of cholera.

THE IRISH CONVENTION.

A POLICY OF PHYSICAL FORCE ADOPTED.

Ashes of the Fenian Brotherhood Rekindled—New York City to be the Seat of Operations of the New Movement.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, September 26.—Birth was given by the Irish Convention this afternoon to an organization which has for its avowed object the independence of Ireland as a Republic by a policy of physical force.

The ashes of the Fenian brotherhood are rekindled; the national league with its trust in legislators and its reliance upon Parliaments and enactments, is buried from sight; and in its place rises the Irish National Alliance of the World. Incidentally, too, the Irish Parliamentary party across the Atlantic is repudiated and henceforward will be deprived of the abundant revenues that have been contributed from this country for its maintenance and support.

For the next two years at least New York city will be the seat of operations of the new movement; William Lyman, a wealthy Irish-American of this city, having been selected as first president of the alliance, with authority to appoint a secretary of his own choice.

The plan of operations adopted provides for a central council, with authority to issue charters for State organizations. Membership is limited to people of Irish birth or descent, and who shall pledge themselves to aid in the liberation of Ireland by any means "consistent with the laws and usages of civilized nations." The plan closely resembles that of the old Fenian Brotherhood.

This evening the Convention adjourned *sine die*.

Nothing was done by the Convention at the morning session, owing to the delay on the part of the Committee on Resolutions in agreeing to a report.

When the delegates reassembled at 3 o'clock, the Committee on Ways and Means and Plan of Organization presented its report. The introductory was as follows,

"The new movement organization shall be known by the style and title of The Irish Notional Alliance.

"It shall have for its object the securing of the independence of Ireland by any means within its power consistent with the laws and usages of civilized nations.

"The qualifications for membership shall be good moral character, birth on Irish soil or descent from Irish parentage on paternal or maternal side, or both, and the taking of the following pledge:

"I, ——— ———, hereby pledge my word of honor to aid by every means within my power, in conformity with the constitution and by-laws of the Irish National Alliance, in securing the independence of Ireland."

In consequent paragraphs was provided that the officers should consist of a president, vice president and treasurer, a secretary to be appointed by the president, and an executive council of nine. The membership initiation fee was fixed at $1, with dues of 50 cents per quarter, and it was provided that 75 percentage of the gross receipts of the subordinate councils should be turned into the national treasury.

Some sharp criticisms was made upon the report by John Fitzpatrick, of Illinois, a veteran, who said that he had tramped barefooted while carrying messages in his hat for the revolutionists of '48, and who contended that the Convention should form a government then and there, and establish a provisional Irish Legislature on American soil.

Delegate O'Higgins, of Massachusetts, offered an amendment that the National Secretary be elected by the Convention, but he was ruled out of order, and the report was adopted, with a half dozen dissenting.

The report of the Committee on Platform and Resolutions was presented by O'Neill Ryan, of St. Louis, and was unanimously adopted, amid great cheering.

Chairman Finnerty declined to be considered as a candidate for President, and Wm. Lynch, of New York, once Treasurer of the Irish National League, was nominated and elected by acclamation. With equal unanimity, Neill Ryan, of St. Louis, was selected as Vice President, and State Senator S.V. Fitzpatrick, of Chicago, as Treasurer. The Executive Council was constituted as follows: J. J. Donovan, Massachusetts; Chris. Gallagher, Minnesota; Martin Kelly, Tennessee; Captain Mangan, Wisconsin; J. Sheehy, California; J. M. Kennedy, Montana; T. J. Dunden, Ohio; J. S. Lawler, Texas; Thomas H. Greevy, Pennsylvania.

When the officers-elect were introduced President Lyman promised that he would start the "work" forthwith; and Vice President Ryan declared that before many months the organization would be planted in the heart of London itself. Delegate O'Higgins, of Boston, wanted the pledge of honor administered to the President and his associates then and there by one of the priests upon the platform, but the chairman vetoed the proposition.

During the noon recess, a largely attended meeting of delegates who are identified with the Irish military societies was held at which there was an interchange of opinions regarding the best method of organizing companies of young men for military service in the cause of Ireland. A committee was appointed to investigate the subject and act in harmony with the National Council of the new government.

DURRANT'S TRIAL.

Witnesses for the Defence Examined.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SAN FRANCISCO, September 26.—Counsel for the defence in the Durrant case say it will take about ten days to put in their case, unless the cross-examination is longer than expected. Mr. Dickinson announced this morning that the defence would have forty-five to fifty witnesses. When the case was called this morning Sergeant Reynolds resumed the stand. He described the pastor's study and said he found among other things in the tool box discovered there, the chisel supposed to have been used in making the marks found on the door. The door was then brought into court and examined by the jury. The marks were plainly visible. Three pairs of shoes were also found in the study. One shoe was taken away because it had a red mark that looked like blood on the sole. Juror Smythe asked the witness if he thought the three pairs belonged to the same person and an affirmative reply was given.

Sergeant Burke then took the stand and testified that he and other officers examined the shoes for bloodstains. The District Attorney here requested that all the evidence respecting the shoes be stricken out, claiming that it was only admissable in the Williams murder case. The defense objected, and the Court sustained the objection, and the evidence was allowed.

Detective Cody was the next witness. He testified that on the 18th of April he searched the church, and found the tool box in the pastor's study. A claw-hammer, which was produced, was in the tool box, but no chisel. The hammer was applied to one of the marks on the door and was found to fit it.

The Modern Beauty

Thrives on good food and sunshine, with plenty of exercise in the open air. Her form glows with health and her face blooms with its beauty. If her system needs the cleansing action of a laxative remedy, she uses the gentle and pleasant liquid laxative Syrup of Figs.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Treasury Statement—Receipts and Expenditures—Movements of U. S. War Ships—New Jersey Gets the Monitor Ajax.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

WASHINGTON, Sept. 26.—All the heavy expenditures of the Treasury for this month have now been paid and today for the first time the figures show a slight excess of receipts for the month. The excess is only $112,744, but it is expected that by October 1st, the excess will reach $3,500,000 and the deficit for the present fiscal year, which is now $18,000,000, will be reduced to $10,500,000. The receipts, however, are running below those of last month, principally in internal revenue. As October is an interest paying month, it is anticipated that the expenditures for that month will exceed the receipts by from $8,000,000 to $9,000,000. The annual interest charge, at the present rate of receipts, is over ten per cent. of the revenues of the Government.

The Navy Department has been advised of the following ship's movements yesterday: Castine, from Capetown to St. Helena, where she will join the South Atlantic squadron; Alliance, from Fort Monroe, Va., to New York; Machias, from Chinkiang to Yangtse ports.

Secretary Herbert to-day approved the application of the Governor of New Jersey for the monitor Ajax for the use of the militia of his State. The monitor, which is in excellent condition with a battery sufficient for practice purposes, will be turned over to the State at an early date.

The official trial trip of the American ram Kathadin, which was fixed for October 3rd, will be postponed for two weeks, owing to an accident. It was discovered when she was placed on the dock that her propeller blades were bent, and new ones will have to be substituted.

The steam trial of the Texas will take place in a few days. A few alterations are necessary in her feed and air pumps. The mud that had settled and caked in her condensers has been successfully washed out, and there is now no obstacle to prevent her early trial.

Chief Engineer Magee was to-day ordered before the Naval Retiring Board at the Washington navy yard for re-examination, the President having declined to approve a previous recommendation for his retirement on account of heart disease.

SOUTHERN RAILROADS.

Meeting of Representatives to Discuss Freight and Passenger Schedules

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Sept. 26.—The representatives of the allied Southern railroads, belonging to the Southern Railway and the Southern Railway & Steamship Association, met at the Hotel Waldorf today to discuss matters relating to freight and passenger schedules for the coming year. President J. W. Thomas, of the Western & Atlantic railroad, presided at the opening meeting of the Southern railway representatives, which took place at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. Among the prominent railroad men present were E. M. Emerson, traffic manager of the Central Railroad & Banking Company of Georgia; S. M. Parrott, general manager of the Columbus Southern railway; C. W. Chears, general manager of the Georgia Midland & Gulf railroad; T. G. Bush, president of the Mobile & Birmingham railroad; J. R. Wood, general passenger agent of the Pennsylvania railroad; C. A. Taylor, traffic manager of the Richmond, Fredericksburg & Potomac railroad; Sol. Haas, assistant to President Spencer, of the Southern railroad; J. M. Culp, traffic manager of the Southern railway; J. W. Thomas, president of the Western & Atlantic railroad; B. W. Wrenn, passenger traffic manager of the Plant system; J. R. Kenly, general manager of the Atlantic Coast Line, and W. A. Turk, general passenger agent of the Southern railway.

At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Southern Railroad and Steamship Association it was announced that E. B. Stahlman, Commissioner of the Association, had resigned. His successor will probably be elected tomorrow, as will also the successor to former Commissioner Finley, who was recently elected second vice president of the company. A committee, consisting of five members, was elected to select names for the positions.

AN ANXIOUS BRIDE.

The Groom Jailed on a Charge of Larceny.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SAVANNAH, GA., September 26.—There was an anxious bride in Savannah last night. Miss Mary Bogart was to have been married at 8 o'clock in the evening to Mr. Demere Cunningham, but at that hour it was discovered that he was in the toils of the law, and his appearance was impossible. Sometime ago he became involved in an affair in which it was charged that he collected money on an insurance policy. This was followed up by his indictment in the Superior Court on a charge of larceny. He gave bond for $500, but yesterday his bondsman heard that he was going to be married at night and leave the city, so they gave him up. Cunningham was then taken in charge by the Sheriff and kept in jail until 11:30 o'clock, at night, when his friends succeeded in securing a new bond, and he was released. The bride was waiting and they were married at 12:15 o'clock.

WARM WIRELETS.

The Paris *Gaulois* says that President Faure is in ill-health, and has been ordered by his physicians to take ten days' absolute rest.

J. Randolph Mordecai, Sr., a well known business man of Baltimore, died last night of heart trouble. He was 59 years old, and a native of Charleston, S. C.

The Czar has sanctioned the attachment of 135 Chinese officers to the Russian army for a period of three years, and the admission of fifty others to Russian military schools.

The Jockey Club stakes of $10,000 sovereigns for three and four year olds, one mile and two furlongs, was run at Newmarket yesterday and won by Mr. J. H. Houldsworth's "Laveno."

At Tampa, Fla., Policeman Jack McCormick, was shot and killed yesterday morning by Harry Singleton, a notorious negro. Policeman McCormick leaves a wife and five small children.

An explosion occurred in the coal mines at Winterpock, Chesterfield county, Va., last night, in which two men were killed and several others injured. The bodies of the dead have been recovered.

Dr. Talmage's formal acceptance of the call tendered by the First Presbyterian Church, of Washington, D. C., has been received and he will preach his first sermon as co-pastor Sunday evening, October 27th.

A Leadville, Col., dispatch says a terrific explosion of giant powder occurred in the Belgium mine yesterday, killing probably twenty men. Seven dead bodies have already been taken out. Thirteen are known to have been killed.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

THE DROUGHT

Has Injured Cotton in North Carolina 33 Per Cent.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RALEIGH, Sept. 26.—The drought continues all over the State and all reports received here are to the effect that the cotton crop is injured 33 per cent. this month. Such rapid opening was never before known. At the State farms on the Roanoke river bottoms where ten days ago only ten bales were open, seven hundred bales are now open. The Superintendent of the State farms are declaring that in three weeks all cotton worth picking will be open.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ Notices For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 30 cents. Terms, positively cash in advance.

Miss Annie Cazaux will open her School October 7th, at residence corner of Dock and Fourth streets. sep 26 2t th su

Vocal Music.—Mrs. Wm. H. Shaw will give lessons in Singing by note. For terms and information apply at 314 North Fourth street. sep 26 3t*

To Make big money selling our Electric Telephone. Best seller on earth. Sent all complete ready to set up; lines of any distance. A practical Electric Telephone. Our agents making $5 to $10 a day easy. Everybody buys; Big money without work. Prices low. Any one can make $75 per month. Address W. P. Harrison & Co., Clerk No. 11, Columbus, Ohio. sep 24 tf

Bicycle for sale cheap on easy payments. For information call at C. E. Gordon's Store. sep 21 tf

Electrical Bicycle Bells applied to Bicycles by Howard & King, No. 101 Front and Market streets. sep 21 tf

Pears—Another consignment of 21 barrels Georgia Pears. Flour, Meat, Meal, Crackers, Cheese and Groceries of all kinds at lowest prices. Neill McKinnon, No. 3 South Water street. c21

Beer on draught and any drink known to American or French Saloonists. Free lunch from eleven a. m. until one o'clock and from five to seven o'clock p. m., at A. P. Levy's French Cafe, Princess street. sep 5 tf

Frank McNeill, Attorney at Law. Office in the Smith building up-stairs, Princess street, Wilmington, N. C. Will practice in this, Richmond, Robeson and adjoining counties. aug 29 tf

The celebrated pale Kyflhauser Beer! Sold only by F. Richter, Wilmington, N. C.

WILMINGTON Intelligence Bureau, Wilmington, N. C. Still in the lead for servants. Want one girl, White, German preferred, who will work for $8 per month, where she will have a home. R. B. Reardon, Prop. jy 7 tf

Photographs.—U. C. Ellis, at No. 114 Market street, for the latest style, best quality, finest finished and lowest-priced Photographs—$1.00 per dozen. U. C. ELLIS. c21

Baskets, Vegetable Baskets for the shipment of Peas, Beans, Cucumbers, etc. For sale at Jno. S. McEachern's Grain and Feed Store 211 Market street. c21

Hayden, P. H., has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House c21

CHEESE.

100 Pic-Nic and Clover Hill Cheese on to-day's Steamer.

W. B. COOPER,

Wholesale Grocer and Commission Merchant, 226 North Water Street, Wilmington, N. C.

sep 25 tf D&W

LOUIS H. MYERS, CHAS. R. LEWIS

Myers & Lewis,

No. 8 SOUTH FRONT ST.

HEADQUARTERS FOR

School, Office and Typewriter Supplies.

Rubber Stamps and Engraving.

sep 1 tf

Executor's Notice.

HAVING QUALIFIED AS EXECUTORS OF the last will and testament of Isabella J. Freeman, deceased, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment of same. All persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to present the same on or before the 16th day of August A. D., 1896, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. Claims against the estate can be left with our attorneys, Messrs. Ricaud & Weill and all payments by those indebted to the estate can be made to our said attorneys.

This 15th day of August, 1895.

E. MANN,
W. R. PIGFORD,
Executors of the last will and testament of Isabella T. Freeman. fr aug 16 6w

Office of the Secretary and Treasurer

Wilmington & Weldon R. R. Co.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Sept. 24, 1895.

By instructions of the Board of Directors of the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad Company the Treasurer will pay to all holders of record of this date three and a half per cent interest on the Certificates of Indebtedness of that Company. Interest due and payable October 1st, 1895.

JAS. F. POST, Jr.,
Treasurer.

sept 25 6t

The Wilmington Steam Laundry,

CORNER FRONT AND ORANGE STREETS,

under the management of Mr. L. L. Dyckman, of New York, is now turning out good work. Our wagon is large, and so arranged that we can carry those big puff sleeves on the ladies' waists two at a time. We have a sewing machine for repairing, and a girl to mend the clothes.

We have ordered the latest machine for ironing white wing and turn down collars without cracking, and those that are cracked will come out with a perfectly smooth edge. This is something the public have complained of for some time, and we are now able to remedy the evil. Try the Wilmington Steam Laundry, Front and Orange streets.

J. T. HARPER, Prop'r.
L. L. DYCKMAN, Manager, sept 22 tf

A TREAT

—FOR—

Wilmington.

OUR MR. KATZ IS IN THE

Northern Markets

SELECTING OUR

NEW STOCK

—OF—

Fall and Winter Goods,

Which will be displayed at our

NEW STAND

No. 9 North Front St.,

NOW UNOCCUPIED, ON

October 1.

Wait before making your Fall purchases in

Dry Goods

CARPETS,

Window Shades, &c.

OUR ENTIRE STOCK OF

KID GLOVES

Have arrived and will be open Tuesday for sale.

Subscriptions to the Delineator left at our Store will receive prompt attention. Price delivered $1.00 per year.

Special reduction throughout our Store before moving. Two weeks more. Call early.

KATZ & POLVOGT,

No. 116 Market St.,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

sept 15 tf

Wanted $10,000.

Gilt-edge security. Write to

J. HICKS BUNTING,

Y. M. C. A. Building,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Yes, we want $10,000, but we don't want to borrow it. We don't want to beg it and we don't want to steal it. We just want to make it in a couple of years We don't want to counterfeit Uncle Sam's money either, we just want to earn it legitimately. Our gilt-edge security is in selling the best quality of goods at a reasonable margin of profit. If we don't make a reasonable profit we've got to starve or steal. The one lands us in the penitentiary and the other carries us to our grave. We are not anxious to take up our abode at either place yet awhile.

We don't and we won't run a cheap John drug shop and sacrifice quality for price. Quality ranks first and price follows.

Those who prefer the best Drugs, &c., at moderate prices know where to go to.

Bunting's Pharmacy.

Those who wish cheap Medicines they know where to go to, too. sep 22 tf

To the Public.

WE ARE STILL AT THE OLD STAND No. 11 South Front street, where we would be pleased to have you call and see us whenever you see in need of a first class Hair Cut or Shave, or anything else in that line. Satisfaction guaranteed. Respectfully

H. C. FREMPERT'S SONS,
Experts in Barbering,
South Front St.
sept 15 tf

A Great Success.

Wilmington Steam Dye Works.

Ladies' and Gents' Clothing Cleaned, Dyed and Repaired. Feathers Cleaned, Dyed and Curled. Carpets Cleaned and Laid. Gents' Clothing Called for and Delivered. Orders by mail promptly attended to. Prices reasonable. Work guaranteed.

Wilmington Steam Dye Works,
Princess street, between Second and Third.
sept 15 tf

New Fall Goods

Are Arriving.

Would call the Ladies' attention to the elegant stock of

IMPORTED NOVELTIES

—IN—

DRESS GOODS

just received, which are now ready for inspection. We are satisfied we can show the most attractive line of Black Goods ever brought to this part of the country, embracing many novelties of this season's productions.

KID GLOVES.

Have made every effort to do the KID GLOVE business of this community, and have just received a large import order given last Spring, in Ladies', Gent's and Children's in the new fall shades. Our $1.00 GLOVE is unexceptional good value.

Agency for Dr. Jaegers'

Woollen Underwear,

the best goods in the world. A complete stock now in store in all the different grades.

Johnson & Fore.

sep 8 tf

J. W. NORWOOD, President. W. J. TOOMER, Cashier.

W. C. COKER, Jr., Ass't Cashier.

Atlantic National Bank,

Wilmington, N. C.

Liberal Loans Made on Approved Security at Lowest Rates.

NO INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.

All Cash Collections remitted for on day of receipt. Accounts of individuals, firms, banks and other corporations solicited. Promptness, accuracy and safety guaranteed.

	July 11, 1893.	July 11, 1894.	July 11, 1895.
Surplus and Net Profits..	$15,968	$29,049	$40,113
Premiums on U. S. Bonds,	4,140	None.	None
Banking House, &c.....	15,600	15,600	13,500
Deposits.....	323,000	470,000	510,000

Dividends paid past two years, 6 per cent. per annum.

Last installment of capital paid in October, 1892. aug 11 tf

It is the Old Story

With Us.

We do the business, and the people know we have moved our store to 119 North Front street, opposite the Orton House. And for why? To get more room. We have three floors now, with 15,000 square feet of floor room, connected with electric elevator, and to-day we are showing more cheap goods than any house in the city. We have added largely to our stock of clothing, and we want to tell you what we will do for you in good suits. Our stock is all new and very cheap. Nice nobby suits in Black Cheviots at $5.50 for men. A good Brown Suit, all Wool, at $3.75. We can only mention a few of the many values we have. For $4.95 we can show you a nice line of Mixed Suits, New Styles and Good Colors. You will wonder how it is that Braddy & Gaylord can fit you up with a nice, heavy, all wool business suit that others ask $12.00 for; their price is $6.95. This suit of clothes is good enough for any man. You may prefer a nice Black Clay Worsted. If so look at our nice all wool goods at $7.95 a suit, worth $12.50. The best Clay Worsteds made in black, the very latest styles, at $12.50. We can also save you one-third in boys' clothing. We have the nobbiest suits for boys, age from 4 to 8 years, at $2.25; from 9 to 12 at $2.45; from 13 to 14 at $2.75. Youths' suits from $3.50 to $5.00. We carry all kinds of goods, and can suit you in Carpets, Mattings, Shades, Shoes, Dress Goods and Underwear and many other things. Come and see this big store at 119 North Front street, opposite Orton House.

Braddy & Gaylord, Prop.

of Wilmington's big Racket Store. sep 22 tf

D. O'Connor,

REAL ESTATE AGENT, Wilmington, N. C. Stores, Offices and Dwellings for rent. Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, taxes and insurance attended to promptly. Cash loaned on improved city real estate. sep 6 tf

Schools and Colleges.

Notre Dame of Maryland.

College for Young Ladies and Preparatory School for girls. Regular and elective courses. Music and Art specialties. Conducted by School Sisters of Notre Dame. ROLAND PARK, near Baltimore, Md. jy 21 3m* su we fri

St. Andrew's School,

ADJOINING ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH, will open October 7th, 1895. Thorough instruction in all branches.

Terms reasonable. Apply to

F. L. BONITZ, Principal,
sep 26 3t su we fr 120 Market street.

William and Mary College,

Williamsburg, Va.

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A War is Imminent in the South.

A Royal Feast the Bakers had,
And toasts were spoken faster, louder,
Till all by one consent hurrahed
For Dozier & Lee's Baking Powder.

"P. Cox" spread his spangled tail
"Good-luck" his horse-shoe hung on high,
"One Spoon" dipped in his little pail,
While "Sea-Foam's praise was sung too high,
Old "Horseford" trotted in his horse,
"Patapsco" tapped his big drum louder,
While "Royal" bad to bow, of course,
To Dozier & Lee's Baking Powder.

Sold at wholesale by Dozier & Lee, and by the retail trade generally. Weight one pound, and quality guaranteed, and a silver spoon given away with each box for 10 cents.

Hey diddle, diddle, the cat and the fiddle,
The cow jumped over the moon,
And while in the air, a notion quite queer,
Occurred to her cowship, and soon,
While she was descending, the eagle ascending,
His feathers a shining like silk,
She said Mr. Bird, who has ever heard
Of an eagle bird giving good milk?
Upon him she pounced, his eagleship flounced,
But she kicked the poor bird without mercy,
And made him admit that he hadn't the grit
To keep up a fight with the Jersey.

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